250NK

E CFMOTO EXPERIENCE MORE LOGISTHER

300NK

OWNER'S

CF300-B

MANUAL

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FOREWORD Foreword

Thank you for purchasing a CFMOTO vehicle, and welcome to our world-wide family of CFMOTO enthusiasts. Be sure to visit us online at www.cfmoto.com for the latest news, new product introductions, upcoming events, and more.

CFMOTO is an international company that specializes in the development, manufacture, and marketing of all-terrain vehicles, utility vehicles, large displacement motorcycles, and their core components. Founded in 1989, CFMOTO is devoted to the development of independent brand cultivation and R&D innovation.

CFMOTO products are currently distributed through more than 2000 companions worldwide in more than 100 countries and regions. CFMOTO is edging into the advanced ranks in the world of powersports, and aims to supply superior products to dealers and fans globally.

For safe and enjoyable operation of your vehicle, be sure to follow the instructions and recommendations in this owner's manual. Your manual contains instructions for minor maintenance. Information about major repairs is outlined in the CFMOTO Service Manual.

Your CFMOTO dealer knows your vehicle best and is interested in your total satisfaction. Be sure to return to your dealership for all of your service needs during, and after, the warranty period.

Due to constant improvements in the design and quality of productions components, some minor discrepancies may result between the actual vehicle and the information presented in this publication.

Depictions and/or procedures within are intended for reference use only.

Before every ride, please inspect your vehicle and follow the basic maintenance procedures before riding. Please keep this manual together with your vehicle, even when transferring the vehicle to others.

Zhejiang CFMOTO power Co., Ltd reserves the final explanation rights of the owner's manual.

⚠DANGER

Operating, servicing and maintaining on-road or off-road vehicles can expose you to chemicals including engine exhaust, carbon monoxide, phthalates, and lead, which are known to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. To minimize exposure, avoid breathing exhaust, do not idle the engine except as necessary, service your vehicle in a well-ventilated area and wear gloves or wash your hands frequently when servicing your vehicle.

EVAP System (Evaporative Emission Control System)

(If equipped)

When required by environmental emissions regulations, this vehicle is manufactured with a fuel evaporation system (EVAP) to prevent fuel vapors entering the atmosphere from the fuel tank and fuel system.

During routine maintenance, visually inspect all hose connections for leaks or blockage. Ensure the hoses are not clogged or kinked, which could damage the fuel pump or distort the fuel tank. No other maintenance is necessary.

Contact your dealer if repair is required. Do not modify the EVAP system. Modifying any part of this system will violate environmental emissions regulations.

Catalytic Converter

CAUTION: Please pay attention to the following to protect your catalytic converter:

- Use only unleaded gasoline. Even gasoline that contains a little lead could damage the reactive metals contained in the catalytic converter and disable it.
- Never add rust preventive oil or engine oil into the muffler. Doing so could damage the catalytic converter.

NOTE

Some features described within this manual may not apply to models in your market.

All descriptions and directions given are from the operator's perspective when properly seated.

Signal Words

A signal word calls attention to a safety message or messages, a property damage message or messages, and designates a degree or level of hazard seriousness. The standard signal words in this manual are DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION and NOTE.

The following signal words and symbols appear throughout this manual and on your vehicle. Your safety is involved when these words and symbols are used. Become familiar with their meanings before reading the manual:

↑ DANGER

This safety alert and icon indicates a potential hazard that may result in serious injury or death.

∴WARNING

This safety alert and icon indicates a potential hazard that may result in minor or moderate personal injury and/or damage to the vehicle.

∴CAUTION

This safety alert and icon indicates a potential hazard that may result in damage to the vehicle.

NOTE

A note or notice will alert you to important information or instructions.

FOREWORD READ THE OWNER'S MANUAL FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS

↑ DANGER

Read, understand, and follow all of the instructions and safety precautions in this manual and on all product labels. Failure to follow the safety precautions could result in serious injury or death.

↑ DANGER

The engine exhaust gas from this product contains CO, which is deadly gas and could cause headaches, giddiness, loss of consciousness, or even death.

INTRODUCTION Introduction

Thank you for purchasing a CFMOTO vehicle, and welcome to our world-wide family of CFMOTO enthusiasts.

For safe and enjoyable operation of your vehicle, be sure to follow the instructions and recommendations in this owner's manual. Information about major repairs are outlined in the CFMOTO Service Manual, and should only be performed by a CFMOTO service dealer and technician. Be sure to return to your dealership for all of your service needs during, and after, the warranty period.

If you have questions or concerns about your vehicle:

All questions or concerns related to your vehicle should be directed to your local CFMOTO dealer first. Your dealer knows your vehicle best and is interested in your total satisfaction. In the event your local dealer is unable to resolve a product issue or concern, you can reach a CFMOTO customer service representative depending on the market you reside in.

Due to constant improvements in design, quality, or configuration of production components, some minor discrepancies may result between the actual vehicle and the information presented in this publication. CFMOTO reserves the right to change product features, specifications, or components without notice or incurring obligation to the purchaser. Depictions, descriptions, and/or procedures in this publication are intended for reference use only. The most current version of this manual is available on the CFMOTO consumer website of the market you reside in.

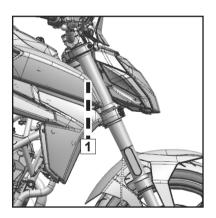
INTRODUCTION VIN and Engine Serial Number

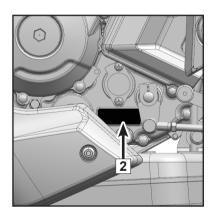
Be sure to record the VIN number, engine serial number and name plate information in the spaces below:

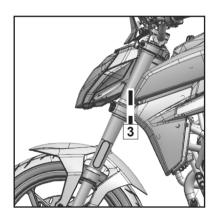
Vehicle identification number:

Engine serial number:

Name plate:







SPECIFICATIONS Specifications

	-				
	250NK	300NK			
Performance	Performance				
Max. power	20.5 Kw / 9750 rpm	20.5 Kw / 8750 rpm			
Max. torque	22 N•m / 7500 rpm	25 N•m / 7000 rpm			
Top designed speed	79.5 mph (128 km/h)	86.4 mph (139 km/h)			
Size					
Length	78.3 in (1	990 mm)			
Width	30.7 in (780 mm)			
Height	42.1 in (1	070 mm)			
Wheelbase	53.5 in (1	360 mm)			
Ground clearance	5.9 in (150 mm)				
Curb weight	348 lb (158 kg)				
Engine					
Туре	Single cylinder, four stroke, liquid-cooled, vertical type				
Displacement	249.2 mL	292 mL			
Bore×Stroke	2.83 in × 2.41 in (72 mm × 61.2 mm)	3.07 in × 2.41 in (78 mm × 61.2 mm)			
Compression ratio	11.3 : 1	11.0 : 1			
Starting system	Electric starter				
Fuel supplying system	EFI				
Ignition control system	ECU Ignition				
Lubricating system	Pressure / splash lubrication				
Engine oil type	SAE10W / 40 SJ, JASOMA2				

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SPECIFICATIONS

Idle Speed	1500 r/min ± 150 r/min		
Transmission			
Transmission type	6-speed, international standard gear		
Clutch type	Wet, mult	i disc, manually	
Driving system	Ch	nain drive	
Primary reduction ratio		2.800	
Final reduction ratio		2.929	
	1 st	3.3	33
	2 nd	2.1	18
Caaratia	3 rd	1.5	71
Gear ratio	4 th	1.304	
	5 th	1.115	
	6 th	0.963	
Chassis			
Tire eine	Front	110/70R17 M/C 54S	
Tire size	Rear	140/60R17 M/C 63S	
Dim size	Front	3.0×17 MT	3.5×17 MT
Rim size	Rear	4.0×17 MT	
Capacity of fuel tank	3.3 gal (12.5L)		
Fuel consumption	3.6 L/100km		
Electric components			
Battery	12V/9 Ah		
Headlight	LED		

SPECIFICATIONS

T. 21 / Lance Level 12 and 4	LED
Hall / brake light	I - []
Train / Brance right	

OPERATOR SAFETY Operator Safety

General Safety Precautions

MARNING

Failure to heed the warnings contained in this manual can result in serious injury or death. This vehicle is not a toy and can be hazardous to operate.

Read this owner's manual. Understand all safety warnings, precautions and operating procedures before operating this vehicle.

Riding Restrictions

This vehicle is an ADULT VEHICLE ONLY. The operator must acquire a driving license as required by local laws and regulations.

Know Your Vehicle

As the operator of the vehicle, you are responsible for your personal safety, the safety of others, and the protection of the environment. Read and understand your owner's manual, which includes valuable information about all aspects of your vehicle, including safe operating procedures.

Equipment Modifications

CFMOTO is concerned with the safety of our customers and for the general public. Therefore, we strongly recommend that consumers do not install on a vehicle, any equipment that may increase the speed or power of the vehicle, or make any other modifications to the vehicle for these purposes. Any modifications to the original equipment of the vehicle create a substantial safety hazard and increase the risk of body injury. The warranty on your vehicle is terminated if any unapproved accessory equipment has been added to the vehicle, or if any modifications have been made to the vehicle that increase its speed or power.

Avoid Carbon Monoxide Poisoning

All engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide, a deadly gas. Breathing carbon monoxide can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, confusion and eventually death.

Carbon monoxide is a colorless, odorless, tasteless gas that may be present even if you do not see or smell any engine exhaust. Deadly levels of carbon monoxide can collect rapidly, and you can quickly be overcome and unable to save yourself. Also, deadly levels of carbon monoxide can linger for hours or days in enclosed or poorly ventilated areas.

To prevent serious injury or death from carbon monoxide:

- Never run the vehicle in poorly ventilated or partially enclosed areas.
- Never run the vehicle outdoor where engine exhaust can be drawn into a building through openings such as windows and doors.

Avoid Gasoline Fires and Other Hazards

Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive. Fuel vapors can spread and be ignited by a spark or flame many feet away from the engine. To reduce the risk of fire or explosion, follow these instructions:

- Strictly adhere to proper fueling procedures.
- Never start or operate the engine if the fuel cap is not properly installed. Gasoline is poisonous and can cause injury or death.
- · Never siphon gasoline by mouth.
- If you swallow gasoline, get any in your eye (s), or inhale gasoline vapor, see a doctor immediately.
- If gasoline spills on you, wash with soap and water and change your clothes.

Fuel Minimum Octane Rating and Safety Warnings

The recommended fuel for your vehicle is E5 or 95(RON). Non-oxygenated (ethanol-free) fuel is recommended for best performance in all conditions.

∴WARNING

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive under certain conditions.

Allow the engine and exhaust system to cool before filling the tank.

Always exercise extreme caution whenever handling gasoline.

Always refuel with the engine stopped, and outdoors or in a well ventilated area.

Do not smoke or allow open flames or sparks in or near the area where refueling is performed, or where gasoline is stored.

Do not overfill the tank. Do not fill to the tank neck.

If gasoline spills on your skin or clothing, immediately wash it off with soap and water and change clothing. Never start the engine or let it run in an enclosed area. Engine exhaust fumes are poisonous and can cause loss of consciousness or death in a short time.

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Operate this vehicle only outdoors or in well-ventilated areas.

Avoid Burns from Hot Parts

The exhaust system and engine become hot during operation. Avoid contact during and shortly after operation to avoid burns.

Owner Responsibilities

Be Qualified and Responsible

Read this Owner's Manual and the warning decals on this vehicle carefully. Take a safety training course on open areas if available. Practice at low speeds. Higher speeds require greater experience, knowledge and suitable riding conditions. Become completely familiar with the operational controls and the general operation of the vehicle.

This vehicle is an ADULT VEHICLE ONLY. The operator must acquire a driving license as required by local laws and regulations. Operators must be tall enough with physical capacity to: be properly seated, hold the handlebar with both hands, fully stroke the clutch lever with the left hand, fully stroke the brake lever with the right hand, fully stroke the foot brake lever with the right foot, be able to firmly plant both feet on the foot pegs, and be able to balance the vehicle with the feet when stopped.

Carrying a Passenger

- The operator must acquire a driving license as required by local laws and regulations for models equipped to carry passengers.
- Only carry one passenger. The passenger must be properly seated in the passenger seat. The
 passenger should be tall enough to always be properly seated when holding handhold, and feet
 firmly planted on the foot pegs.
- Instruct the passenger to read the vehicle's safety labels.
- Never carry a passenger who has used drugs or alcohol, or is tired or ill. These slow reaction time and impair judgment.
- Never carry a passenger if you judge their ability or judgment is insufficient to concentrate on the terrain conditions and adapt accordingly.

Safe Riding Gear

Always wear clothing suited to the type of riding for the driver and passenger, includes:

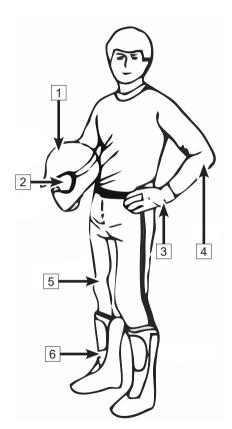
- 1 An approved helmet
- 2 Eye protection.
- 3 Gloves
- 4 Long sleeve shirts or jackets
- 5 Long pants
- 6 Over-the-ankle boots

According to the actual weather, you may need extra apparel, such as anti-fog eye protection, thermal underwear and a face guard for cold weather. The operator must never wear loose clothing that may get entangled in the vehicle or on tree branches and shrubs.

Helmet and Eye Protection

An approved helmet can prevent a serious head injury if an accident occurs. Please note that even the best helmet is no guarantee against injury.

The helmet you choose should meet the standard for your country or area. A closed-face helmet with face shield will be better at preventing impacts from insects, flying rocks, dust and scattered debris, etc.



An open-face helmet can not offer the same protection for your face and jaw. Please wear detachable face masks and goggles when wearing an open-face helmet.

Do not depend on eyeglasses or sunglasses for eye protection, as they are not rated for impact protection. Debris may fly up and or break the lens, causing eye injury.

Use tinted masks or goggles only during the day in bright light, do not use them at night or in poor light. They may affect your ability to distinguish colors. Do not use them if your color discrimination is affected.

Gloves

Full-finger gloves could protect your hands from wind, sun, heat, cold, and splash. Well-fitted gloves are helpful for steering and relieve hand fatigue. If the gloves are too heavy, it will be difficult to operate the vehicle.

A pair of strong motorcycle gloves offer protection for your hands in the event of an accident or turnover. Snowmobile gloves offer better protection when operating in cold areas.

Jackets, Pants and Motorcycle Suits

Wear a jacket or a long sleeved shirt and long pants, or a full riding suit. Quality protective gear will provide comfort, and it can help you avoid being distracted by adverse environmental elements. In case of an accident, good quality protective gear made of sturdy material may prevent or reduce injury.

In cool-weather riding, protect yourself against hypothermia. Hypothermia, a condition of low body temperature, can cause loss of concentration, slowed reactions and loss of smooth, precise muscle movement. In cool conditions, proper protective gear like a windproof jacket and insulated layers of clothing are essential. Even while riding at moderate temperatures, you can feel very cold due to the wind. Protective gear that is appropriate for cold-weather riding may be too hot when stopped. Dress in layers so that clothing can be removed as desired. Topping the protective gear with a windproof outer layer can prevent cold air from reaching the skin.

Boots

Always wear closed-toe, over-the-ankle boots. Sturdy over-the-ankle boots with non-slip soles offer more protection, and allow you to plant your foot properly on the foot pegs. Avoid long shoelaces that could get tangled in the vehicle components. For winter riding conditions, rubber-soled boots with either nylon or leather uppers and removable felt liners are best suited. Avoid rubber rain boots. Rubber rain boots may get trapped behind the foot brake pedal, impairing proper operation.

Other Riding Gear

Rain Gear

When riding in rainy weather, a rain suit or a waterproof riding suit is recommended. On long rides, it is a good idea to carry rain gear. Keeping clothes dry results in being much more comfortable and alert.

Hearing Protection

Long-term exposure to wind and engine noise when riding can cause permanent hearing loss. Properly worn hearing protective devices such as earplugs can help prevent hearing loss. Check local laws before using any hearing protective devices.

Potential Hazard Warnings

∴WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD:

Operating this vehicle without proper instruction.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN:

The risk of an accident is greatly increased if the operator does not know how to operate the vehicle properly in different situations and on different types of terrain.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD:

Beginning and inexperienced operators should complete a safety training course if offered by dealer. Operators should regularly practice the skills learned in the course and any operating techniques described in the owner's manual.

∴WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD:

Failure to follow the age recommendations for this vehicle.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN:

Severe injury and/or death could occur if a child under the minimum age recommendation operates this vehicle. Even though a child may be within the recommended age group for operating, he/she may not have the skills, abilities, or judgment needed to operate safely and could be susceptible to accident or injury.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD:

The operator must acquire a driving license as required by local laws and regulations.

MARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD:

Operating this vehicle without wearing approved helmet, eye protection, and protective clothing.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN:

Operating without an approved helmet increases the risk of a severe head injury or death in the event of an accident. Operating without eye protection could result in an accident and could increase the chance of a severe eye injury in the event of an accident. Operating without protective clothing could increase the chance of a severe injury.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD:

Always wear an approved helmet that fits properly. Always wear eye protection (goggles or face shield), gloves, long-sleeved shirt or jacket, long pants, and over-the-ankle boots.

∴WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD:

Operating the vehicle after consuming alcohol or drugs.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN:

Consumption of alcohol and/or drugs could seriously affect operator judgment. Reaction time may be slower and operator balance and perception could be affected. Consumption of alcohol and/or drugs before or while operating a vehicle could result in an accident causing severe injury or death.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD:

Never consume alcohol or drugs before or while operating the vehicle.

∴WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD:

Operating at excessive speeds.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN:

Excessive speed increases the operator's chance of losing control, which can result in an accident.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD:

Always operate at a speed that's proper for the terrain, visibility and operating conditions, and your experience.

∴WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD:

Attempting slides, jumps, and other stunts.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN:

Attempting stunts increases the chance of an accident, including an overturn.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD:

Never attempt slides, jumps, or other stunts.

∴WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD:

Failure to inspect the vehicle before operating. Failure to properly maintain the vehicle.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN:

Poor maintenance increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD:

Always inspect your vehicle before each use to make sure it's in safe operating condition.

Always follow the inspection and maintenance procedures and schedules described in the owner's manual.

∴WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD:

Operating this vehicle with improper tires, or with improper or uneven tire pressure.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN:

Use of improper tires, or operation of the vehicle with improper or uneven tire pressure, could cause loss of control or an accident.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD:

Always use the size and type of tires specified in the owner's manual. Always maintain proper tire pressure.

MARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD:

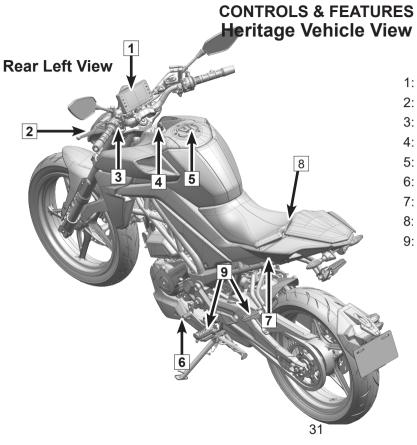
Operating the vehicle with improper modifications.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN:

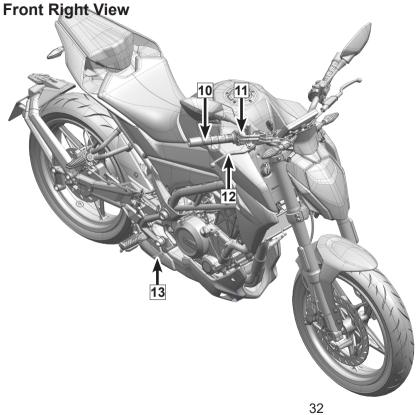
Improper installation of accessories or modification of the vehicle may cause changes in handling which could lead to an accident.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD:

Never modify the vehicle through improper installation or use of accessories. All parts and accessories added to the vehicle must be genuine parts or equivalent components designed for use on this vehicle, and they should be installed and used according to approved instructions. Consult your dealer for more information.



- 1: Instrument
- 2: Clutch lever
- 3: Handlebar switch, LH
- 4: Ignition switch lock
- 5: Fuel tank lock
- 6: Gear shift lever
- 7: Seat lock
- 8: Passenger armrest
- 9: footrest kit



10: Throttle grip

11: Handle bar switch, RH

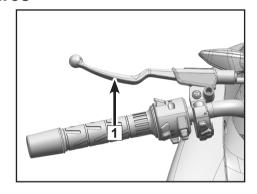
12: Front hand brake lever

13: Rear brake lever

CONTROLS & FEATURES Controls and Features

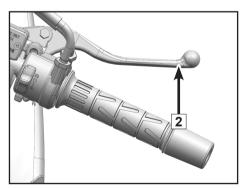
Clutch Lever

Clutch lever 1 is on the left side of handlebar. The clutch is type of cable clutch.



Front Hand Brake Lever

Front hand brake lever 2 is on the right side of handlebar. Front brake caliper activates braking by using of the front hand brake lever.

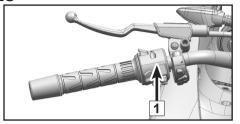


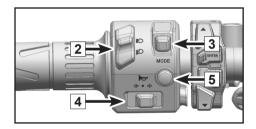
Handlebar Switch, LH

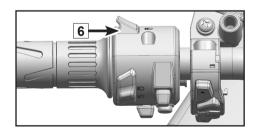
Left handlebar switch 1 is on the left side of the handlebar.

Function of left handlebar switch

Dimmer pusl switch	Dimmer push		Turn to this position, high beam lights on.
	switch		Turn to this position, low beam lights on.
3	Mode button		Press to shift between ECO mode and SPORT mode.
Turning light switch	合	Push this switch to the right, the right turning light will activate.	
	4	Push this switch to the left, the left turning light will activate.	
5	Horn button	þ	Short press, the horn will sound.
6	passing light switch	≣O	Short press this button, passing light will flash.







Handlebar Switch, RH

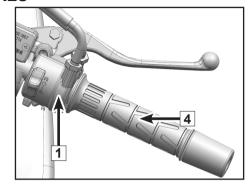
Right handlebar switch $\boxed{1}$ is on the right side of the handlebar.

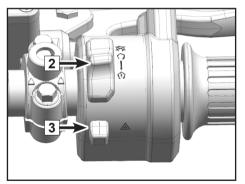
Right handlebar switch function

			Turn to this position, the vehicle turns off.
2	Stop switch		Turn to this position, the vehicle is ready to start.
	(3)	Turn to this position, start the vehicle.	
3	Hazard flasher switch		Short press to turn on the hazard flasher light.



Throttle grip 4 is on the right side of handlebar.

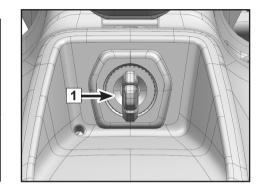




Locks

Ignition switch 1

Handlebar lock		Turn the handlebar to the left, then turn the key to the lock indicator to lock the handlebar.
Turn off	X	Turn the key to this position, the engine cannot be started and the vehicle power circuit is disconnected.
Start		Turn the key to this position, the engine can be started and the vehicle power circuit is connected.



Fuel Tank Lock

Follow the items below before opening the fuel tank:

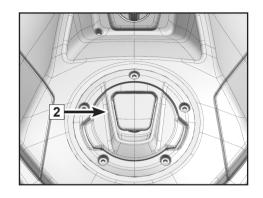
The vehicle is stopped.

Engine is off.

Open the fuel tank lock cover.

Insert the key and turn to release the lock.

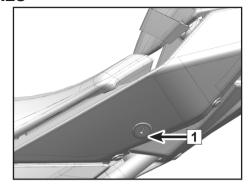
Open the fuel tank cap.



Seat Lock 1

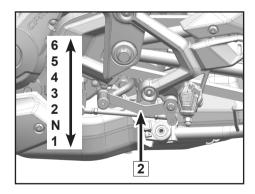
The seat lock is on the left side of the vehicle.

The seat can be removed by inserting the key and turning to release the lock.



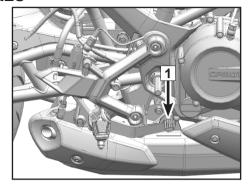
Gear Shift Lever

The gear shift lever 2 is on the left side of the engine.



Rear Brake Lever

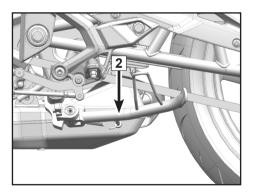
The rear brake lever 1 is on the right side of the engine. Activate the rear brake by pushing down on the rear brake lever.



Side Stand

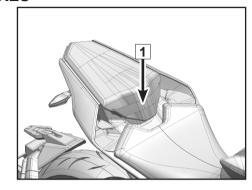
The side stand 2 is on the left side of the vehicle, and is used for parking.

NOTE: When the side stand is down, the engine starting system only activates in neutral gear.

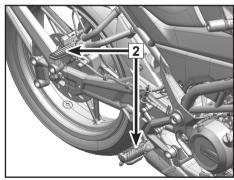


Passenger handhold and footrest

A passenger handhold 1 is mounted on the motorcycle seat for passenger to hold on during riding.

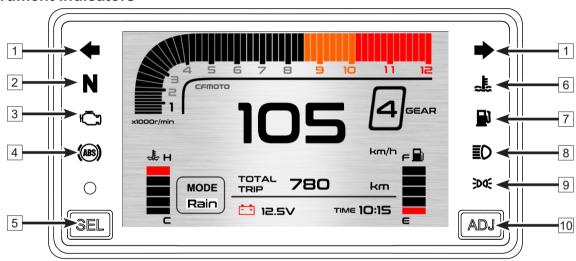


Footrests 2 are mounted on the motorcycle for the operator and passenger.



CONTROLS & FEATURES Instrument

Instrument Indicators



1	Turn signal indicator	4	ABS indicator	7	Fuel capacity warning indicator	10	ADJ button
2	Neutral indicator	5	SEL button	8	High beam indicator		
3	Fault indicator	6	Coolant temp. warning indicator	9	Position light indicator		

Turn signal indicator- 1

When turning light switch is on this position " (", left turn signal indicator will flash.

When turning light switch is on this position" □>", right turn signal indicator will flash.

Neutral indicator- 2

When the vehicle gear is in neutral position, this indicator will be on.

Fault indicator- 3

When the vehicle circuit inspects with any faults, this fault indicator will be on.

ABS indicator- 4

When ABS works normally, this indicator is flashing when vehicle is in parking state, and the indicator will be off when it is in running state. If there is any fault, ABS indicator will keep on.

SEL button-5

To adjust or set the instrument functions together with ADJ button.

Coolant temperature warning indicator- 6

When coolant temperature arrives to the limit, the coolant temperature warning indicator will flash.

Fuel capacity warning indicator- 7

When fuel is not enough, fuel capacity warning indicator will flash.

High beam indicator- 8

When the light switch is on this position ", and the dimmer switch is on this position beam indicator will light on.

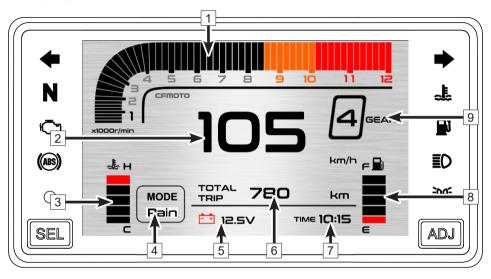
Position light indicator- 9

When the light switch is on this position "◄<", the position light indicator will be on.

ADJ button- 10

To adjust or set the instrument functions together with SEL button.

Instrument Display



	1	Tachometer	4	Mode display	7	Clock
	2	Speed display	5	Voltage display	8	Fuel display
Г	3	Coolant temp indicator	6	Odometer display	9	Gear display

Tachometer-1

Display the current engine rotating speed.

Speed display- 2

Display the current vehicle speed.

Coolant temperature indicator- 3

When the odometer display area is shifted to display coolant temperature, the coolant temperature indicator will be on.

Mode display- 4

Display the current vehicle driving mode. sport mode; rain mode.

Voltage Display - 5

It displays battery voltage.

Odometer display- 6

Display the odometer, trip and coolant temperature.

Clock-7

Display the current time.

Fuel Display- 8

Display the current fuel volume, this indicator " " will flash when the fuel volume is in very low position.

Gear display- 9

Display the current vehicle gear position.

Instrument Button Function

Time Adjustment

- In normal state, long time press SEL button, then "hour" number flashes, loose SEL button and short press ADJ button, then "hour" number could add one, following this operation by loops to get the desired time displaying.
- In normal state, long time press SEL button, then "hour" number flashes, loose SEL button and short time press SEL button, then "minute" number flashes, loose SEL button and short press ADJ button, then "minute" number could add one, following this operation by loops to get the desired time displaying.

Metric and British Unit shifting

In normal state, long time press SEL button, then "hour" number flashes, loose SEL button and short
press again the SEL button for two times, the unit icon flashes (km/h, km or MPH, mile), then loose
the button.

Trip meter checking and clearing

• When the instrument display ODO, short press SEL for one time, then it shift to trip meter display, long time press ADJ button could clear the trip meter to be zero.

Dashboard Brightness Adjustment

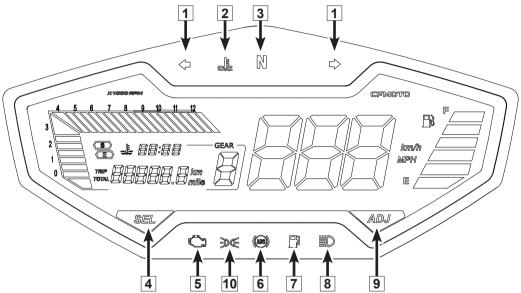
In normal state, short pressing ADJ button could adjust the displaying brightness for dashboard.
 There are 5 levels of brightness for dashboard, following the adjustment by loops to get a desired brightness.

NOTE

Short press means press the button for one second; long time press means press the button for three seconds.

If there is no operation within 15 seconds, then it returns to normal display state.

Instrument Indicators (Black and White)



1	Turn signal indicator	4	SEL button	7	Fuel capacity warning indicator	10	Position light indicator
2	Coolant temp. warning indicator	5	Fault indicator	8	High beam indicator		
3	Neutral indicator	6	ABS indicator	9	ADJ button		

Turn signal indicator- 1

When turning light switch is on this position " (;, left turn signal indicator will flash.

When turning light switch is on this position" □>", right turn signal indicator will flash.

Coolant temperature warning indicator- 2

When coolant temperature arrives to the limit, the coolant temperature warning indicator will flash.

Neutral indicator-3

When the vehicle gear is in neutral position, this indicator will be on.

SEL button- 4

To adjust or set the instrument functions together with ADJ button.

Fault indicator- 5

When the vehicle circuit inspects with any faults, this fault indicator will be on.

ABS indicator- 6

When ABS works normally, this indicator is flashing when vehicle is in parking state, and the indicator will be off when it is in running state. If there is any fault, ABS indicator will keep on.

Fuel capacity warning indicator- 7

When fuel is not enough, fuel capacity warning indicator will flash.

High beam indicator- 8

When the light switch is on this position "\overline{\topi}\", and the dimmer switch is on this position beam indicator will light on.

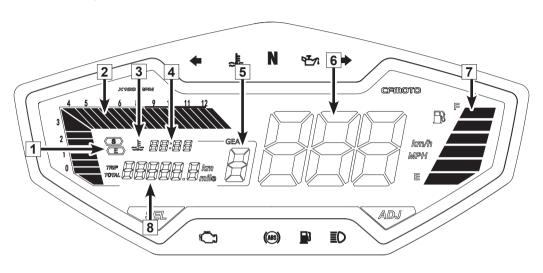
ADJ button-9

To adjust or set the instrument functions together with SEL button.

Position light indicator- 10

When the light switch is on this position "><", the position light indicator will be on.

Instrument Display (Black and White)



1	1	Mode display	4	Clock	7	Fuel display
2	2	Tachometer	5	Gear display	8	Odometer display
3	3	Coolant temp. indicator	6	Speed display		

Mode display-1

Display the current vehicle driving mode. S: sport mode; E: economic mode.

Tachometer- 2

Display the current engine rotating speed.

Coolant temperature indicator- 3

When the odometer display area is shifted to display coolant temperature, the coolant temperature indicator will be on.

Clock-4

Display the current time.

Gear display- 5

Display the current vehicle gear position.

Speed display- 6

Display the current vehicle speed.

Fuel Display- 7

Display the current fuel volume, this indicator " " will flash when the fuel volume is in very low position.

Odometer display-8

Display the odometer, trip and coolant temperature.

Instrument Navigation / Settings / Adjustments (Black and White)

Item	Display	SEL	ADJ	Operation	Result	
Home interface	Home interface	Long press		Shift to set time	Hour setting	
Time setting	Hour setting		Short press	Add 1 hour by every	Hour setting	
				press		
	Hour setting	Short press		Shift to minute setting	Minute setting	
	Minute setting		Short press	Add 1 minute by every	Minute setting	
				press		
	Minute setting	Short press		Shift to unit shifting	Unit shifting	
Unit shifting	Unit shifting		Short press	Metric / imperial	Unit shifting	
				shifting		
Home interface	Home interface	Short press		Shift to trip meter	Trip meter	
Trip meter	Trip meter		Long press	Reset to be zero	Trip meter	
Trip meter	Trip meter	Short press		Shift to water temp. display	Water temp. display	
		Long press		Hour flashing	Hour flashing	
Coolont	Coolant	Short		Shift to unit shifting	Coolant temperature	
Coolant		press*3			unit	
temperature	temperature		Short press	Shift to degree celcius	Coolant temperature	
				or fahrenheit degree	unit	

OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE TFT Instrument

Notice

Due to constant improvements, version updating, configuration changes of the vehicle, some minor discrepancies may result between the actual instrument and this manual. Please refer to the actual vehicle.

Instrument

Instrument is located at the front of handlebar, there are two function areas:

- 1: Instrument indicators area
- 2: Instrument display area

Activation and Test

Activation

The instrument is activated when vehicle power is on.

Test

Display area shows welcome words and indicators flash in short time for self inspection. All instrument buttons is invalid at this time until the starting video is finished.



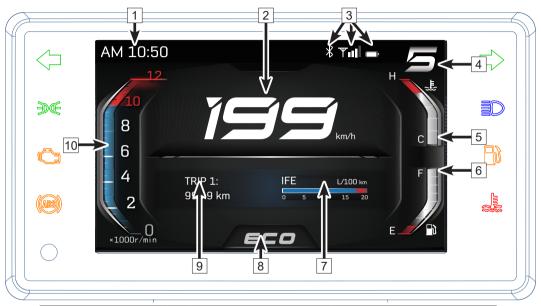
Instrument Indicators



Ref	Symbol		Function
1	$\langle \neg \neg \rangle$	Flash	Indicator flashes when the turning light turns on.
2		Keep on	Position light indicator will be on when position light turns on.
3	Ĉ	Keep on	When electric circuit is connected and engine is off, EFI fault indicator will be on. If the engine is not off and the indicator is still on, it means the vehicle detects any fault, the fault will be displayed on the dashboard for warning. Please stop the vehicle in place according to traffic regulations when EFI fault indicator is on and contact your CFMOTO dealer soon.
4	(A33))	Flash / Keep on	When ABS is in function, ABS indicator will flash while vehicle is stopped or in low speed. This is normal state. ABS indicator will keep on when there is a fault, and ABS system will stop working in this situation. But the vehicle basic braking function is still in work, please drive in low speed and avoid sharp braking and contact your CFMOTO dealer soon.
5		Keep on	High beam indicator will be on when high beam lamp turns on.
6		Flash / Keep on	Fuel level indicator will be on when fuel level is very low. Please plan your trip reasonably and fill fuel soon. When detect faults, the fuel level indicator will flash. Please contact your CFMOTO dealer soon.

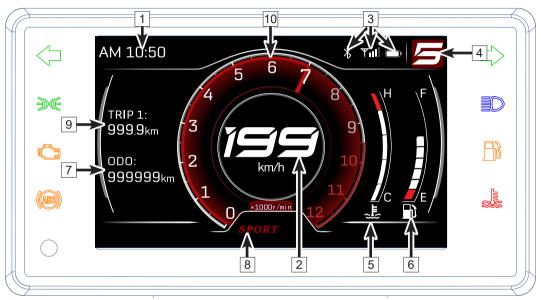
7	_mm\}	Flash	Coolant temp. indicator will flash when the coolant is in high temperature. Please stop the vehicle in place according to traffic regulations to wait for cooling down the temperature. If the coolant temp. indicator flashes frequently, please contact your CFMOTO dealer soon.
---	-------	-------	--

Instrument Display(ECO mode)



1	Clock	5	Coolant Temp.	9	Optional Info 2 Display
2	Speed Display	6	Fuel Level	10	Engine RPM
3	Blue Tooth	7	Optional Info 1 Display		
4	Gear Position	8	Vehicle Mode		

Instrument Display(SPORT mode)



1	Clock	5	Coolant Temp.	9	Optional Info 2 Display
2	Speed Display	6	Fuel Level	10	Engine RPM
3	Blue Tooth	7	Optional Info 1 Display		
4	Gear Position	8	Vehicle Mode		

Clock

Display the current time. The clock is adjustable and can be shifted between 12 hours and 24 hours through the menu.

PM 10:50	22:50
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Speed Display

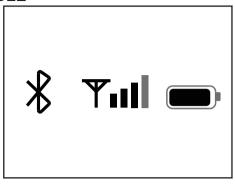
Display the current vehicle speed.

Speed unit could be shifted between km/h and mph through the menu operation.

124 199 km/h

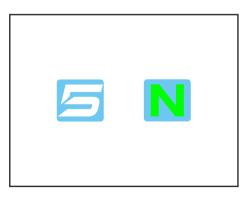
Blue Tooth

When cellphone is paired with the instrument, this area will appear the blue tooth symbol, cellphone signal strength and cellphone battery gauge.



Gear Position

Display the current gear position. Neutral position is displayed in green color.



Coolant Temperature

The coolant temperature indicator consists of bars, the more bars light up, the hotter the coolant. When the last bar lights on and the coolant temperature indicator flashes, it means the temperature reach the danger limit.

↑ WARNING

Overheating could lead to engine damage.

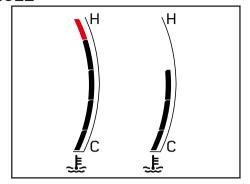
When coolant temperature reaches the top limit, please stop well the vehicle to wait for cooling down.

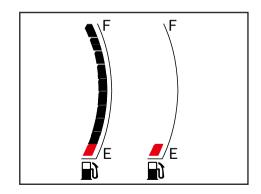
Check and correct the coolant level when coolant system is totally cooled down.

If the coolant temperature indicator flashes in high frequency, please contact your CFMOTO authorized dealer for service.

Fuel Level

The fuel level display consists of bars, More bars are lighted, more fuel is in the fuel tank. When the fuel reserve is closed to limited level, the last indicator bar will light on, fuel level indicator will also light on, and it will appear the reminding "warning: insufficient fuel" in the home interface. Please arrange well the travel and refill fuel soon. Little fuel quantity may lead to damage of fuel pump.





Optional Information

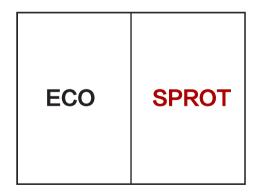
Customer could select two items that displayed in the home interface.

Optional Info 1: ODO, trip1, trip 2.

Optional Info 2: Voltage, instantaneous fuel consumption, trip 1 travel time, trip 2 travel time, total odometer travel time, trip 1 average fuel consumption, trip 2 average fuel consumption, total odometer average fuel consumption, trip 1 average speed, trip 2 average speed, total odometer average speed.

Vehicle Mode

The vehicle could shift the drive mode between SPORT mode and ECO mode to meet different driving experience.

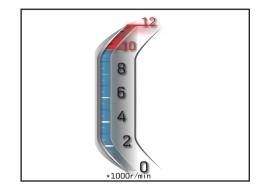


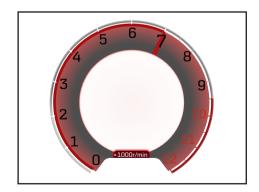
Engine RPM

Please avoid high engine RPM during break-in period.

In order to increase the engine life, please keep RPM away from the red area.

Before finishing warming the engine, do not run in high engine RPM.





Instrument Menu

Adjust the instrument setting through the menu for better driving experience.

Long press the "ENTER" button on the handlebar switch to enter into instrument menu.

↑ WARNING

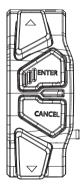
Instrument menu can be entered only when the vehicle is stopped and safety.

Instrument Switches

Instrument switches are located on the right side of left handlebar, used for operating instrument functions.

\triangle	Short press to choose the upper item.
ENTER	Short press to enter into next menu.
ENTER	Long press to enter into menu from home interface.
	Short press to return back to the last item.
CANCEL	Long press in menu interface to return back to home interface.
\Box	Short press to choose the next item.





Voltage and Coolant Temp.

Long press "ENTER" button to enter into menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to mark "Information" item, press "ENTER" button to enter into the item.

Voltage and coolant temp. information is displayed in this information list.



Warning

The instrument displays the fault warning and fault content when the vehicle detects faults. Please eliminate the vehicle fault soon when appears fault warning, contact your authorized CFMOTO dealer for service if necessary.

Before eliminated, the fault warning will appear in the instrument for ten seconds every time when start the vehicle. Please enter into the "menu-warning" to check the fault content

Long press "ENTER" to enter into menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select the "Information", press "ENTER" to open the select item.

Short press " \triangle " or " \bigtriangledown " to select "warning", press "ENTER" to open warning item.

Warning item will display all current faults of the vehicle, please contact CFMOTO authorized dealer to eliminate all the faults.





Example with fault.



Example without fault.

Service

The vehicle has a service interval after break-in period. The instrument records the travel mileage and reminds the owner for vehicle maintenance when 500km close to the next service time.

When the time is near to the service time, the instrument will display service warning for ten seconds every time when start the vehicle to remind service.

Long press "ENTER" to enter into menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select "Information", press "ENTER" to open the select item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select "Service", press "ENTER" to open service item, then check the latest service mileage.

Finish the maintenance in your CFMOTO authorized dealer ship and reset for the new service interval.





Miles Info

The following information is recorded for trip 1, trip 2 and ODO:

- 1: Mileage
- 2: Speed
- 3: Consumption
- 4: Riding time

Long press "ENTER" to enter into the menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " $\,\triangledown\,$ " button to select "Information" item, press "ENTER" to open the item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select the "Trip info", press "ENTER" to open trip info item.

Short press " \triangle " or " \bigtriangledown " button to select desired item, press "ENTER" to open the next menu.





Version Info

Check the current software and hardware version of the vehicle. Long press "ENTER" to enter into menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Information", press "ENTER" button to open the information item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select the software version or hardware version, press "ENTER" button to open the select item.





Units

Shift the unit for speed, time and temperature through instrument operation.

Long press "ENTER" button to enter into the menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Settings", press "ENTER" button to open setting item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "units", press "ENTER" button to open the unit setting item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select the desired unit, press "ENTER" to open the unit item.



Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select desired format, press "ENTER" to finish the unit shifting.





Connection

Pair the cellphone with instrument by bluetooth, then navigation, calling function can be used. Navigation function can be used with CFMOTO APP.

Follow the steps to pair the bluetooth:

Long press "ENTER" to enter into the menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Settings", press "ENTER" button to open the setting item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Connection", press "ENTER" button to open the device connection item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Bluetooth" button, press "ENTER" button to open bluetooth item.





Make sure the cellphone bluetooth is open.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Connect a new device", press "ENTER" button to search devices.

Devices that have been connected will be recorded in the menu. Select the device to pair directly.

Display connected after finish pairing.



Follow the steps to eliminate the device paired before:

Long press "ENTER" to enter into the menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select "Settings", press "ENTER" to open the setting item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select the device connection, press "ENTER" to open the device connection item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select "Delete connections", press "ENTER" button to open the item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select the desired device or all of the devices, press "ENTER" to delete.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select "Confirm" or "Cancel", press "ENTER" button to delete the devices or return back to the last item.





Optional Info 1

Choose one item from optional information 1 to display in the home interface.

Long press "ENTER" to enter into the menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Settings", press "ENTER" button to open the setting item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Optional Info 1", press "ENTER" button to open the item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select desired item, press "ENTER" button to confirm the choice.





Optional Info 2

Choose one item from optional information 2 to display in the home interface.

Long press "ENTER" to enter into the menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Settings", press "ENTER" button to open the setting item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Optional Info 2", press "ENTER" button to open the item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select desired item, press "ENTER" button to confirm the choice.



Brightness

In addition to the automatically adjustment of the brightness, the instrument brightness can also be adjusted by manual according to the menu.

Long press "ENTER" to enter into the menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Settings", press "ENTER" button to open the item.

Short press " \triangle " or " $\, \nabla\,$ " button to select "Brightness", press "ENTER" to open the item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select the class of brightness, press "ENTER" to confirm the choice.

Brightness





Trip Reset

Reset trip data by manual.

Long press "ENTER" to enter into the manual.

Short press " \triangle " or " $\, \nabla \,$ " button to select "Settings", press "ENTER" button to open the item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Trip 1 Reset" or "Trip 2 Reset", press "ENTER" button to open the item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "OK" or "Cancel", press "ENTER" to reset trip or return back to last item.





Time Settings

Adjust the instrument time.

Long press "ENTER" to enter into menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select "Settings", press "ENTER" to open the item..

Short press " \triangle " or " $\, \nabla \,$ " to select "Time Settings", press "ENTER" to open the item.

12 hour: Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select "AM" or "PM", press "ENTER" to adjust the time. Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to adjust hour, press "ENTER" button to enter into minute, short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to adjust minutes.

24 hour: Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to adjust hour, press "ENTER" to enter into minute, short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to adjust minutes.





Language

Shift the dashboard language between Chinese and English.

Long press "ENTER" to enter into menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select "Settings", press "ENTER" button to open the item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select "Language", press "ENTER" button to open the item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " to select desired language, press "ENTER" to confirm the selection.





Reset All

Reset all settings back to factory status.

NOTICE

This function can not reset odometer and related function.

Long press "ENTER" to enter into the menu.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Settings", press "ENTER" button to open the item.

Short press " \bigtriangleup " or " \bigtriangledown " button to select "Reset all", press enter to open the item.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select 'OK" or "Cancel" to reset the instrument or return back to last item.





Navigation

Pair cellphone with the instrument, turn on CFMOTO APP then navigation function can be used.

Open the navigation in CFMOTO APP, then the instrument shifts into navigation interface automatically.

Open the navigation by manual:

Long press "ENTER" button to enter into the manual.

Short press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Navigation", press "ENTER" button to open the item.

If CFMOTO APP does not activate, the instrument will display "Please Open CFMOTO APP For Navigation"





The instrument will display navigation interface when it activates in the cellphone.

485m	Distance to the next crossroads.
4	Traffic navigation symbol
<u> </u>	Remaining distance to the destination.
<u> 11:00</u>	Estimated arrival time



Telephone

This function is available when instrument is paired with cellphone by bluetooth. (Cellphone should connect with earphone and the instrument)

If instrument does not pair with cellphone bluetooth, it will display reminding "Please Connect Bluetooth Correctly". Please pair bluetooth according to "Device connection".

When comes a call during driving, the call number will be displayed in the instrument, short press "ENTER" to accept the call. Short press "CANCEL" to hang up the call.



"Telephone" item will record all numbers that called in during this bluetooth connection. The records will be reseted when power off.

Check the latest calls:

Press " \triangle " or " ∇ " button to select "Telephone", press "ENTER" button to open the item.



Press " \triangle " or " $\,\triangledown\,$ " button to select the latest calls, press "ENTER" to open the item.



OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE Operating Your Vehicle

Break-in Period

The break-in period for this vehicle is the first 1000km. Maintain the vehicle according to the break-in period requirements.

The following items should be observed during break-in period:

- 1. Do not run at high engine speeds immediately when the engien is just started. Allow the engine to warm for $2 \sim 3$ minutes at idle speed and let oil flow into all the engine lubricating parts.
- 2. Do not run the engine at high Rpm when the transmission is in neutral.
- 3. During the break-in period, CFMOTO suggests the top engine speeds as below:

Total odometer	Top engine RPM		
0 km ~ 500 km	4000 r/min		
500 km ~ 1000 km	6000 r/min		

↑ DANGER

New tires are slippery which may lose control and cause damage. Tire pressures should be at the specified value during the 1000km break-in period. Avoid sudden and maximum braking/acceleration and hard cornering during the break-in period.

Daily Safety Inspection

Checking the following items before daily riding will help keep your vehicle in safe and reliable condition. If anything appears unusual, please refer to the Maintenance and Adjustment section or contact your dealer. Do not operate the vehicle in an abnormal condition, as it may lead to serious damage or accidents.

Item	Content
Coolant	Inspect the coolant level for correct level in the coolant reservoir.
Engine oil	Inspect the oil level is at the correct level.
Rear brake fluid	Inspect the rear brake fluid reservoir is at the correct level.
reservoir	
Rear wheel	Inspect the rear wheel and tire for excessive wear, cracks or cuts, embedded items
	or other damage. Inspect the rear tire pressure is in the standard range.
Rear brake	Inspect the thickness of rear brake pad. Inspect the thickness of rear brake disc and
	check for any dirt or damage.
Chain and	Inspect the drive chain and sprockets for dirt and wear, and inspect if the chain
Sprockets	tightness is appropriate.
Front wheel	Inspect the front wheel and tire for excessive wear, cracks or cuts, embedded items
	or other damage. Inspect front tire pressure is in the standard range.
Front brake	Inspect the thickness of front brake pad. Inspect the thickness of front brake disc
	and check for any dirt or damage.
Front brake fluid	Inspect the front brake fluid reservoir is at the correct level.
reservoir	
Luggage/Cargo	Inspect the luggage/cargo is fastened securely, make sure the luggage/cargo height
(if equipped)	is within the requirement of local regulation.

Dashboard	Check the fault indicator.
Fuel Level	Check if the fuel tank volume is sufficient.
Rearview Mirrors	Check rearview mirrors for appropriate view angle.
Light	Check if all the lights work well, and if the beam height for front lights meets the local regulations.
	Inspect the handlebar, steering, front and rear brake, throttle and switches for smooth operation.
Side stand \ main stand	Check if any looseness or damage for the return spring of side stand \ main stand.
Stop switch	Check that the stop switch works correctly.

↑ DANGER

Inspect the vehicle every time before riding the vehicle.

The operator must have the related driver's license to ride the vehicle.

Learn the local regulations, and do not ride in the areas where motorcycles are not allowed.

Do not start the vehicle in a closed area or an area without a good ventilation system. The exhaust generated during engine operation may cause people to lose consciousness or even cause death.

Starting

Sit on the vehicle with side stand up.

Turn on the ignition switch.

Place the gear in Neutral.

Turn the stop switch to position "(3)".

Press the start button.

↑ CAUTION

Engine running at high RPMs in cold temperatures negatively impacts the lifespan of engine. Always warm the engine at a low speed.

Before the instrument self-inspection, do not start the vehicle with the start switch.

Pull the clutch lever and shift into a gear with side stand up, the vehicle can be started.

When the gear is in Neutral position with side stand up, the vehicle can be started.

If shifting into gear with the side stand down, the engine will turn off.

Do not press the start switch for more than five (5) seconds. Please wait for more than 15 seconds to press the start switch again, or it will cause the battery to discharge quickly.

Starting Off

Pull in the clutch lever, shift the gearshift lever downward for gear 1, then slowly release the clutch lever while at the same time applying gentle throttle input.

Shifting, Riding

Pull in the clutch lever and release the throttle.

Shift the gearshift lever upward for gears 2,3,4,5,6 (as required).

Release the clutch lever and slowly apply the throttle at the same time to complete the gear shift.

Hold the handle bar at all times with both hands when driving with the throttle applied.

MWARNING

Avoid any abrupt load alterations or strong brake operation, which can cause an out of control vehicle.

Adjust the speed according to road conditions and situation around you.

When the engine RPM is high, do not shift into lower gears. Release the throttle first and reduce the engine speed.

All adjustments for vehicle operation should be made when vehicle is at a standstill.

The passenger must be seated properly on the passenger seat with feet on the rear foot pegs, wearing a helmet and other safety protection, and holding onto the operator or grab handle.

↑WARNING

Comply with the local traffic regulations for minimum passenger age.

Comply with all local traffic regulations. Ride defensively and foresightedly to detect sources of danger early on.

When the tires are cold, their road grip performance is reduced. Use caution and drive with average speed for several kilometers until the tires arrive at their available temperature.

Do not exceed the permitted full payload. Full payload includes the vehicle weight with full fuel tank, driver, passenger and luggage/cargo.

Luggage/cargo sliding will effect the handling performance, inspect that it is fixed tightly on the vehicle, and that the width does not exceed 0.15m from the handle bar for both left and right sides.

In the event of an accident, the damage from crashing could be more serious than it looks. Inspect the vehicle completely to make sure it is safe, or take the vehicle to a CFMOTO dealer for inspection.

Improper gear shifting may lead to damage of the transmission.

Operate the throttle according to the road conditions and climate. Do not shift gears and be careful operating the throttle during turning.

Brake

Release the throttle when apply the brake, and use front and rear wheel brake for braking at the same time.

Finish braking before turning, and shift to a lower gear according to the speed required.

On long distance downhills, use the engine to compression brake and shift to lower gears, but do not allow the engine to operate with high RPM. When using engine brake effect, it helps to reduce the braking force required of the brake system, and reduce the chance of overheat.

MARNING

Moisture and dirt impair the brake system. Brake carefully several times to dry out moisture and remove dirt from the brake pads and discs.

If the hand brake lever and foot brake lever feel soft, stop riding until the brake system is fully inspected and the fault eliminated.

Take your foot off the foot brake lever when you are not braking. Long-time pressing of the foot brake will cause brake lining overheating and excessive friction, which will affect service life and safety.

When carrying a passenger or luggage/cargo, the required braking distance will increase. Please adjust the brake time according to vehicle load.

When the ABS is enabled, you can achieve maximum braking power even on low grip surfaces such as sandy, wet or slippery terrain without locking of the wheels.

Parking

Stop the vehicle with brake.

Shift to Neutral gear.

Turn off the ignition switch.

Park the vehicle on firm, level ground.

Use side or middle stand (if equipped) to support vehicle.

Turn the handlebar to the maximum left angle, and lock the handle bar with the key.

Remove the key.

∴WARNING

When engine is running, do not leave the vehicle unattended.

Secure the vehicle against use by unauthorized persons.

Lock the steering when leaving the vehicle unattended.

After running the vehicle, the temperature will be very high for some parts. Do not touch any parts such as the exhaust system, cooling system, engine, or brake system before the vehicle parts have cooled down.

Do not park the vehicle near materials that are highly flammable or explosive. High temperature parts may ignite the materials.

Using incorrect procedures when parking may cause vehicle to roll away and fall over, which will lead to significant damage.

The middle stand (if equipped) is only intended to support the vehicle and luggage/cargo. When using the middle stand to park the vehicle, do not sit on it. Doing so could damage the middle stand, or damage the frame, and the vehicle may fall over.

SAFETY OPERATION Safety Operation

Safe Riding Technique

The following cautions are applicable for daily motorcycle use and should be carefully observed for safe and effective vehicle operation:

- For safety, eye protection and a helmet are strongly recommended. You must be aware of safety
 regulations prior to riding the motorcycle. Gloves and suitable footwear should also be used for
 added protection.
- Wear protective apparel when riding in case of any collision. Protective apparel cannot protect the body safely if it is not worn.
- Before changing lanes, look over your shoulder to make sure the way is safe. Do not rely solely on the rearview mirrors. You may misjudge a vehicle's distance and speed, which can easily cause an accident.
- When going up steep slopes, shift to a lower gear so there's plenty of power and engine torque rather than overloading the engine.
- When applying the brakes, apply both the front and rear brakes at the same time. Applying only one
 brake for sudden braking may cause the motorcycle to skid and lose control.
- When going down long downhill slopes, control vehicle speed by releasing the throttle. Use the front and rear brakes for auxiliary braking.
- In wet conditions, rely more on the throttle to control vehicle speed and less on the front and rear brakes. The throttle should also be used judiciously to avoid skidding the rear wheel during rapid acceleration or deceleration.

SAFETY OPERATION

- Riding at the proper speed and avoiding unnecessary acceleration are important not only for safety and low fuel consumption, but also for longer vehicle life and quieter operation.
- When riding in wet conditions or on loose roadway surfaces, vehicle performance will be reduced.
 All of your actions should be smooth under these conditions. Sudden acceleration, braking or turning may cause loss of control.
- Practice your operating skills. In an empty area, exercise cautiously, slow down, and grip the fuel
 tank with the knees for better stability. When quick acceleration is necessary as in passing, shift to a
 lower gear to obtain the necessary power.
- Do not downshift at high rpm to avoid damage to the engine.
- Avoid unnecessary use of fabric tape which may entangle the rider or motorcycle.

SAFETY OPERATION

Additional Cautions for High Speed Operation

Brakes: Braking is very important, especially during high speed operation. It cannot be over-forced. Check and replace pads more often to get better performance.

Handling: Looseness in the handling parts may cause loss of control. Check to see whether the handlebar turns freely but has no shaking, and that the wheels turn without shaking or looseness.

Tires: High speed operation requires that tires be in good condition. Good condition tires are crucial for riding safety. Inspect their overall condition, inflate them to the proper pressure, and check the wheel balance.

Fuel: Have sufficient fuel onboard for high speed operation.

Engine oil: To avoid engine failure which could result in a loss of control, make sure the oil level is maintained between the upper and lower level lines.

Coolant: To avoid overheating, check and make sure that the coolant level is between the level lines.

Electrical Equipment: Make sure that the headlights, tail/brake light, turn signals, horn and etc. work properly.

Fasteners: Make sure that all nuts and bolts are tight and that all safety-related parts are in good condition.

<u>∧</u>DANGER

Follow all traffic regulations. Do not ride on the highway over posted speed limits. Riding at too high speed on the highway will violate related regulations. Motorcycles may be forbidden to operate on the highway in some areas.

MAINTENANCE Maintenance

Careful periodic maintenance will help keep your vehicle in the safest, most reliable condition. Inspection, adjustment, and lubrication of important components are explained in the maintenance schedule.

Inspect, clean, lubricate, adjust, and replace parts as necessary. When inspection reveals the need for replacement parts, always use genuine parts available from your dealer.

NOTE:

Periodic service and adjustments are critical. If you are not familiar with performing safe service and adjustment procedures, have a qualified dealer perform the required maintenance for you.

Pay special attention to the engine oil level during cold weather operation. A rise in engine oil level can indicate contaminants collecting in the oil sump or crankcase. Change oil immediately if the oil level begins to rise. Monitor the oil level, and if it continues to rise, discontinue use and determine the cause, or see your dealer.

Severe Use Definition

CFMOTO defines severe vehicle use as:

- Racing or race-style high RPM use
- Prolonged low speed, heavy load operation
- Extended engine idle
- Short trip cold weather operation
- Vehicles used in commercial or rental operations

If your vehicle use matches any of these definitions, decrease the service intervals by 50%.

Key Points of Lubrication Schedule:

Check all components at the intervals outlined in the Periodic Maintenance Schedule. Items not listed in the schedule should be lubricated at the general lubrication interval.

- Change lubricants more often under severe use, such as wet or dusty conditions.
- Lubricate before long periods of storage, after pressure washing, or after submerging drive system.

Item	Lubricant	Method	
Engine oil	SAF	Inspect the level from the engine oil view window.	
Brake fluid	DOT3 OR DOT4	Keep level between upper and lower lines	

Break-in Maintenance Schedule

Item	(Ser	Break-in Maintenance Interval (Service whichever interval comes first)			
	Calendar	Miles	Km	Remarks	
Engine					
■ Engine oil and oil filter	-	600	1000	Replace	
Idle	-	600	1000	Inchest	
Throttle system	-	600	1000	Inspect	
Drive chain and sprockets		600	1000	Inspect / Adjust	
Electrical system					
■ Functions of electrical parts	-	600	1000		
Battery	-	600	1000	Inspect	
Fuses or circuit breakers	-	600	1000		
Brake system					
Brake discs	-	600	1000		
Brake pads	-	600	1000	Inspect	
Brake fluid level	-	600	1000]	
Brake lever	-	600	1000	Inspect for free play	
■ Brake hoses	-	600	1000	Inspect for damage and sealing	

^{▶ =} Severe Use Item. Reduce interval by 50% on vehicles subjected to severe use.

^{■ =} Have an authorized dealer perform repairs that involve this component or system.

Item	Break-in Maintenance Interval (Service whichever interval comes first)			
	Calendar	Miles	Km	Remarks
Wheels				
Tire condition	-	600	1000	
Tire pressure	-	600	1000	Inspect
Wheel bearings		600	1000	
Suspension system				
■ Rear shock absorber and front forks	-	600	1000	Inspect for leaking (maintain front forks and rear shock absorber according to the requirement)
Cooling system				
Coolant level	-	600	1000	
■ Coolant	-	600	1000	Inapact
■ Radiator fan function	-	600	1000	- Inspect
Coolant hoses	-	600	1000	
Steering system				
■ Steering bearings	-	600	1000	Inspect

^{▶ =} Severe Use Item. Reduce interval by 50% on vehicles subjected to severe use.

^{■ =} Have an authorized dealer perform repairs that involve this component or system.

	Item	Break-in Maintenance Interval (Service whichever interval comes first)			
		Calendar	Miles	Km	Remarks
Other	· parts				
	Diagnostic connector	-	600	1000	Read with PDA
•	Moving parts	-	600	1000	Lubricate. inspect for flexibility
	Bolts and nuts	-	600	1000	Inspect for fastness
•	Cables and wires	-	600	1000	Inspect for damage, bending and routing

^{▶ =} Severe Use Item. Reduce interval by 50% on vehicles subjected to severe use.

^{■ =} Have an authorized dealer perform repairs that involve this component or system.

Periodic Maintenance Schedule

ltem	(Sei	Periodic Maintenance Interval (Service whichever interval comes first)			
	Calendar	Miles	Km	Remarks	
Engine		•	•		
Engine oil and oil filter	6M	3000	5000	Replace	
Oil strainer	6M	3000	5000	Clean	
■ Clutch	-	3000	5000	lnonost	
Idle	-	6000	10000	Inspect	
■ Coolant	24M	21000	35000	Replace	
Throttle system	-	3000	5000	Inspect	
■ Throttle valve	-	3000	5000	Clean	
A in filter alamant	-	3000	5000	Clean	
► ■ Air filter element	24M	12000	20000	Replace	
On and and and	-	3000	5000	Inspect	
Spark plug	-	6000	10000	Replace	
■ Valve clearance	-	24000	40000	Inspect	

^{▶ =} Severe Use Item. Reduce interval by 50% on vehicles subjected to severe use.

^{■ =} Have an authorised dealer perform repairs that involve this component or system.

Item		Periodic Maintenance Interval (Service whichever interval comes first)			
		Calendar	Miles	Km	Remarks
Elect	rical system				
	Functions of electrical parts	12M	6000	10000	
	Battery	6M	3000	5000	Inspect
	Fuses or circuit breakers	6M	3000	5000	
•	Wires	12M	6000	10000	Inspect for damage, bending and routing
Whee	ls				
	Tire condition	12M	6000	10000	
	Tire condition	24M	12000	20000	
	Tina nuna a como	12M	6000	10000	Inonest
	Tire pressure	24M	12000	20000	- Inspect
	■ Wheel bearings	-	6000	10000	
•		-	18000	30000	

^{▶ =} Severe Use Item. Reduce interval by 50% on vehicles subjected to severe use.

^{■ =} Have an authorised dealer perform repairs that involve this component or system.

Item	Periodic Maintenance Interval (Service whichever interval comes first)			
	Calendar	Miles	Km	Remarks
Brake system				
Front and roar brake evetem	12M	6000	10000	
Front and rear brake system	24M	12000	20000	
Brake discs	12M	6000	10000	
Drake discs	24M	12000	20000	Inchest
Drake nade	12M	6000	10000	Inspect
► Brake pads	24M	12000	20000	
Brake fluid level	12M	6000	10000]
Drake fluid level	-	12000	20000	
Brake lever	24M	12000	20000	Inapact for free play
Drake level	12M	6000	10000	Inspect for free play
Dualis has a	24M	12000	20000	Inspect for damage
■ Brake hoses	12M	6000	10000	and sealing
■ Brake fluid	24M	-	-	Replace

^{▶ =} Severe Use Item. Reduce interval by 50% on vehicles subjected to severe use.

^{■ =} Have an authorised dealer perform repairs that involve this component or system.

Item		Periodic Maintenance Interval (Service whichever interval comes first)			
		Calendar	Miles	Km	Remarks
Susp	ension system				
	Suspension system	-	6000	10000	Inspect
		12M	6000	10000	Inspect for leaking (maintain the parts
•	Rear shock absorber and front forks	24M	12000	20000	according to the requirement)
	Curing orms	-	6000	10000	Inopost
•	Swing arms	-	18000	30000	Inspect
Cool	ing system				
	Coolant level	12M	6000	10000	
	Coolant level	24M	12000	20000]
	Coolant	12M	6000	10000	
-	Coolant	24M	12000	20000]
	_ Dedictor for function	12M	6000	10000	Inspect
-	Radiator fan function	24M	12000	20000	
	O a daniel base a	12M	6000	10000	1
•	Coolant hoses	48M	18000	30000]

^{▶ =} Severe Use Item. Reduce interval by 50% on vehicles subjected to severe use.

^{■ =} Have an authorised dealer perform repairs that involve this component or system.

Item		Periodic Maintenance Interval (Service whichever interval comes first)						
		Calendar	Miles	Km	Remarks			
Frame system								
	Frame	-	18000	30000	Inspect			
Steering system								
	Steering bearings	12M	6000	10000	Inspect			
•		24M	12000	20000				
Chain								
•	Chain, rear sprocket and engine sprocket	12M	6000	10000	Inspect			
		24M	12000	20000				

^{▶ =} Severe Use Item. Reduce interval by 50% on vehicles subjected to severe use.

^{■ =} Have an authorised dealer perform repairs that involve this component or system.

Item		Periodic Maintenance Interval (Service whichever interval comes first)							
		Calendar	Miles	Km	Remarks				
Other parts									
-	Diagnosis connector	12M	6000	10000	Read with PDA				
		24M	12000	20000					
	Mobile parts	12M	6000	10000	Lubricate; inspect				
-		48M	18000	30000	for flexibility				
•	Bolts and nuts	12M	6000	10000	Inspect for fastness				
		48M	18000	30000					
-	Cables and wires	12M	3000	5000	Inspect for damage,				
		24M	9000	15000	bending and routing				
•	Pipes, ducts, hoses and sleeves	12M	6000	10000	Inspect for cracks,				
		48M	18000	30000	sealing and routing				

^{▶ =} Severe Use Item. Reduce interval by 50% on vehicles subjected to severe use.

^{■ =} Have an authorised dealer perform repairs that involve this component or system.

Clutch Lever Freeplay

Check clutch lever smoothness.

Turn handlebar towards the left to the end.

Slowly pull the clutch lever until the resistance is evident. Check clutch lever position where the clearance is for freeplay $_{\circ}$

Free play: 0.39 in ~ 0.78 in (10 mm ~ 20 mm)

AWARNING

If there is no free play for clutch lever, the clutch will start to slip.

Check lever free play every time before starting the engine.

Set the clutch lever freeplay when necessary.

Clutch lever free play fine adjustment

Turn handlebar towards the left to the end.

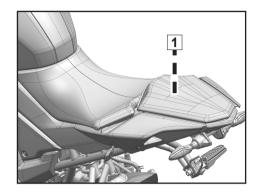
Loosen lock nut and rotate the adjusting nut for adjustment.

Once the desired freeplay is achieved,

tighten the lock nut.

Tool Kit

Tool kit 1 is located under the seat. The tools attached with the vehicle are helpful for partial maintenance, disassembling and assembling.



MAINTENANCE Fuel System

Fuel Tank

Avoid spilling gasoline on the fuel tank when fill with fuel. If a spill occurs, wipe it off immediately to avoid pollution or causing danger.

Fuel tank volume: 3.3 gal (12.5L)

↑ DANGER

Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions. Always fill fuel in a properly ventilated area. Before refueling, turn off the engine and wait for the engine and muffler to cool. No smoking or any acts that cause sparks is allowed in the fuel filling area or fuel storage area.

Never fill the tank excessively. Avoid overflowing onto high temperature parts. The fuel level should not exceed the tank opening. As temperature rises, fuel can heat and expand, possibly spilling over and damaging motorcycle parts.

Fuel is toxic and harmful to health. Avoid touching with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale fuel vapor.

If touched skin, wash with plenty of clean water.

If touched to eyes, wash eyes immediately with clean water and see a doctor immediately.

If touched to clothes, change the clothes immediately.

If swallowed fuel by mistake, see a doctor immediately.

After maintenance or other repairing parts of the fuel system, please contact your dealer for a complete inspection to avoid fuel leaks or other dangers.

Dispose of fuel properly to avoid damage to the environment.

Fuel Requirement

The recommended fuel for your vehicle is E5 or 95(RON). Non-oxygenated (ethanol-free) fuel is recommended for best performance in all conditions.

ACAUTION

Do not use leaded gasoline, as it will destroy the catalytic converter. (For further understanding, please refer to more information related to the catalytic converter)

Be sure to use fresh gasoline. Gasoline oxidate, resulting in loss of octane and volatile compounds. It also produces colloidal and lacquer deposits which could damage the fuel system.

ACAUTION

If the engine has a knocking cylinder or detonation, use a higher quality or higher octane rating of unleaded gasoline.

MAINTENANCE Engine Assy

For the engine, transmission, and clutch to work properly, maintain the engine oil between the upper and lower lines on the oil window. During the engine lubrication process, oil not only builds up carbon by-product and metallic impurities, but may also consume itself by a small amount.

Inspect and change the oil in accordance with the Periodic Maintenance Chart.

↑ DANGER

Motorcycle with insufficient, deteriorated or highly contaminated engine oil will cause accelerated wear and may result in engine or transmission seizure, accident, and injury.

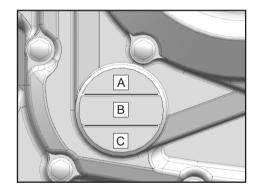
Engine Oil Level Inspection

Make sure the vehicle is turned off.

If the running was operated prior to turning off, please wait for 2 to 3 minutes for the oil to settle.

Support the vehicle vertically on a level surface, then view the oil level inspection window:

- If the oil level is within area B, it is at the proper level.
- If the oil level is located at area A, drain out oil until the level is within area B.
- If the oil level is located at area C, or no oil level is viewed, fill the engine with the recommended oil until the level is within area B.



Change Engine Oil and Oil Filter

Park the vehicle by side stand on level ground.

Idle the engine for several minutes to warm up the oil, then shut off the engine. Allow 2 to 3 minutes for the oil to settle.

AWARNING

Warming up the engine for a long period may lead to high temperature of the engine and engine oil. Please wear suitable protective clothing and safety gloves when changing oil. In the event of scalding, wash the affected area immediately with running water for more than 10 minutes and seek medical attention.

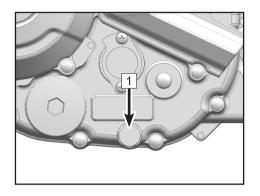


Remove the magnetic oil drain bolt and washer 1.

Drain out completely the used oil.

↑ WARNING

Oil is a toxic substance. Dispose of used oil properly.



Remove the oil filter 2.

Apply a small amount of clean oil to the rubber seal ring of the new oil filter.

Install the new oil filter.

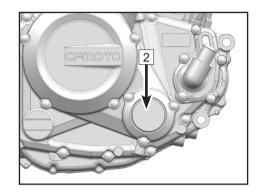
ACAUTION

Before mounting the oil filter, applying a thin layer of oil on the seal ring prevents the filter from becoming stuck on the engine case.

Clean the oil drain bolt and the area around the oil drain hole.

Place a new washer on the oil drain bolt, then reinstall it. Torque the oil drain bolt to specification.

Tightening torque: 25 N·m



Remove the oil filling screw plug 3.

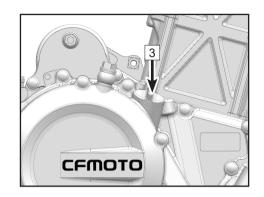
Fill with 1.51 qt (1.4 L) oil of SAE10W/40 SJ, JASOMA2.

Remount the oil filling screw plug.

Start and idle the engine for several minutes, allowing the oil to flow into the oil filter while checking for leaks.

Turn off the engine.

Inspect the oil level and adjust according to the level result.

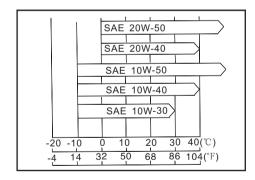


Engine Oil Capacity

Change with oil filter: 1.51 qt (1.4 L)

CFMOTO recommends motorcycle engine oil with API-rating SJ or higher and JASO-MA2 as the primary choice. An acceptable alternative is JASO-MA.

Although 10W-40 engine oil is the recommended oil for most conditions, the oil viscosity may need to be changed to accommodate atmospheric conditions in your riding area. Please choose oil viscosity according to the chart.



Spark Plug

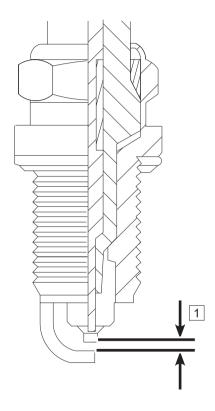
The spark plugs should be replaced in accordance with the Periodic Maintenance Chart.

Spark plug maintenance should only be performed by an authorized dealer.

Spark plug type: CR8EI

Spark plug clearance 1 : 0.03 in ~ 0.035 in (0.8mm~0.9mm)

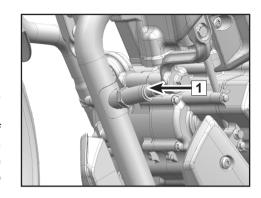
Tightening torque: 15 N•m



MAINTENANCE Air Intake and Exhaust System

Fuel & Exhaust Detecting System

Fuel & exhaust system optimization is detected by oxygen sensors 1. An oxygen sensor installed on each exhaust pipe detects air & fuel combustion condition by measuring oxygen density and transferring it as an electrical signal to the ECU. If the ECU determines that combustion is not optimal, it will make adjustments to fuel injection in accordance with signals from the TPS and Intake Air Temperature sensors. By this way, the ratio of air against fuel can be optimized for complete combustion.



Air Intake Valve

An air intake valve is essentially a valve which allows fresh air to flow only from the air filter into the engine. Any air that passes through the air intake valve is prevented from returning. Have a dealer inspect the air intake valves in accordance with the Periodic Maintenance Chart. Also, have the air intake valves inspected whenever stable idling cannot be obtained, engine power is greatly reduced, or there are abnormal engine noises.

Air intake valve removal and inspection should only be performed by an authorized CFMOTO dealer.

Valve Clearance

The engine valves and valve seats wear during operation. Adjustment of the valvetrain components should be performed by a dealer technician in accordance with the Periodic Maintenance Chart.

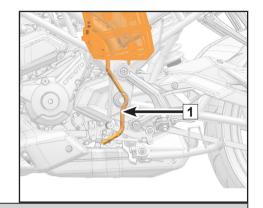
∴WARNING

If adjustment of the valve clearance is not performed, it will eventually result in no clearance or cause the valves remaining partly open, which reduces performance, creates valve noise, and can cause serious engine damage. Valve clearance for each valve should be checked and adjusted in accordance with the Periodic Maintenance Chart. Inspection and adjustment should be performed by a CFMOTO dealer.

Air Filter

A clogged air filter restricts air flow, increases fuel consumption, reduces engine power, and causes spark plug fouling. The air filter element must be cleaned in accordance with the periodic Maintenance Chart. When driving in dusty, rainy, or muddy conditions, the air filter element should be serviced more frequently than the recommended interval in the periodic Maintenance Chart. Due to the vehicle's design, air filter service should be only performed by an authorized dealer.

Oil storage hose 1 stores / drains out the residual oil or water in air filter.



ACAUTION

Oil on tires and plastic or other parts will cause damage.

If engine intakes with the unfiltered air, will have a negative effect on the service life of the engine.

Never start to use the vehicle without an air filter.

MAINTENANCE Cooling System

Radiator and Cooling Fan

Check the radiator fins for bending, out of shape, obstruction by insects or mud, and clean off any obstructions with a stream of low pressure water.

↑WARNING

Keep your hands and clothing away from the fan blades when it's working to avoid any injury.

Using high-pressure water to wash the vehicle could damage the radiator fins and impair the radiator's effectiveness. Installing unauthorized accessories in front of the radiator or behind the cooling fan may cause interference with the radiator airflow, and can lead to overheating and consequent engine damage.

If the radiator fins are damaged by more than 20% of their surface area by obstructions, and it is unable to be cleared, then replace with new radiator.

Radiator Hoses

Check the radiator hoses for leaks, cracks, deterioration, rust, corrosion and connections for leaks or looseness daily before riding the motorcycle. Check in accordance with the Periodic Maintenance Chart.

Coolant

Coolant absorbs excessive heat from the engine and transfers it to the air by the radiator. If the coolant level is low, the engine will overheat and may suffer severe damage. Check the coolant level daily before riding the motorcycle and perform maintenance in accordance with the periodic maintenance chart. Replenish coolant if the level is low.

To protect the cooling system (engine and radiator contain aluminum parts) from rust and corrosion, the use of corrosion and rust inhibitor chemicals in the coolant is essential. Purchase only commercially available coolant that contains corrosion and rust inhibitor chemicals, so there is no need to add separately.

ADANGER

Coolant is toxic and harmful for health.

Do not allow the coolant to touch skin, eyes or clothing.

If coolant is swallowed, see a doctor immediately.

If coolant contacts the skin, flush the contact position with plenty of water immediately.

If coolant contacts the eyes, flush the eyes with plenty of water and see a doctor immediately.

If coolant splashes on clothes, change the clothes.

Any corrosion or rust flushed from the engine and radiator should be disposed of following special instructions. The chemicals inside are harmful to the human body.

ACAUTION

Do not add tap water to the coolant system. It will cause deposit accumulation inside the cooling system. Use only distilled water and coolant 50% \ 50% mix. When temperatures are below 0°C, improper water/coolant mix can cause freezing, severe interference, and failure of the coolant system.

Available bottled antifreeze on the market contains anti-corrosion and anti-rust properties. When it is diluted excessively, it loses its anti-corrosion and anti-rust performance. Keep the diluted concentration of antifreeze the same as the instructions from the manufacturer.

When filling the cooling system, ensure the coolant color is green and contains ethylene glycol. When the environment temperature is below 32°F (0°C), please ensure the coolant has a freezing point below 32°F (0°C).

Coolant Level Inspection

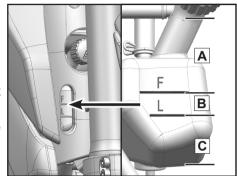
Park the vehicle by side stand on level ground.

Inspect the coolant level in the reservoir.

If it is located at area 'B': The coolant at the proper level.

If the level is at area 'A': Drain out the redundant coolant until it arrives at area 'B'.

If the level is at area 'C' or cannot see the level: Refill with the same coolant until the level is at area 'B'.



↑WARNING

When the vehicle is running, the coolant will have a very high temperature and stay in a state of compression.

Before the engine or cooling system has cooled down, do not open the radiator, radiator hose, reservoir or other cooling system related parts.

In the event of scalding, wash the affected area immediately with running water for more than 10 minutes and seek medical attention.

Coolant Filling

Open the reservoir cover and add coolant to area B.

ACAUTION

If coolant needs to be added frequently, or the reservoir tank is completely dry, there is probably a leak in the system. Have the cooling system inspected by an authorized dealer.

Contact your dealer for replacing coolant. Mixing different coolant may lead to engine damage.

MAINTENANCE Tire and Chain

This vehicle only uses tubeless tires, rims and inflating valves. Only use the recommended standard tires, rims and inflating valves. Do not install inner tube tires on tubeless rims. Do not install a inner tube inside a tubeless tire. If tires are not installed properly, it may cause tire air leakage.

Tire Specification

Tire specification	Front wheel	110/70R17 M/C 54S
	Rear wheel	140/60R17 M/C 63S
Tire pressure	Front wheel	32.6 psi (225 kPa)
	Rear wheel	32.6 psi (225 kPa)
Minimum tread depth	Front wheel	0.031 in ~ 0.039 in (0.8 mm ~ 1 mm)
	Rear wheel	0.031 in ~ 0.039 in (0.8 mm ~ 1 mm)

Improper tire pressure or exceeding the tire load limit may affect the vehicle handling and performance, causing a loss of control.

Make periodic inspections of the tire air pressure using a tire pressure gauge. Adjust tire pressure accordingly.

Excessive low tire pressure may cause tire improper wear or overheating.

Proper tire pressure offers the best comfort level and the longest service life.

NOTE:

Inspect the tire pressure when the tires are cold.

Tire pressure is affected by the change of environment temperature and altitude. If the environment temperature and altitude have a big change during the driving trip, tire pressure should be adjusted and inspected accordingly.

Most countries have their own regulation for minimum tread depth. Please follow local regulations. When installing new rims or tires, always inspect for wheel balance.

ACAUTION

In order to keep the handling safety and stability, please only use the tire and pressure recommended. If the tire is punctured and repaired or used within 24 hours after repairing, the vehicle speed should not exceed 60km/h, and cannot exceed 90 km/h at any other time. A punctured tire should be repaired as soon as possible.

The front and rear tires should come from the same manufacturer, with the same tread pattern.

New tires can be slippery and may cause a loss of control and injury if proper break-in is not performed. Please drive the vehicle at moderate speeds using different tilt angles to have the tires create friction with the ground over the entire surface area. Normal friction surface will be formed after a 160km break-in period. Avoid sudden braking, heavy acceleration, and high speed sharp turns during the break-in period.

Tire Payload

The maximum recommended payload is: 330.7lb (150kg), including driver, luggage/cargo and accessories.

Tire Friction

When tire tread wear exceeds the use limit, the tire becomes more susceptible to punctures and failure. An accepted estimate is that 90% of all tire failures occur during the last 10% of tread life, so it is unsafe to continue to use tires until they are bald. In accordance with the Periodic Maintenance Chart, measure the depth of the tread with a depth gauge, and replace any tire that has worn down to the minimum allowable tread depth.

Visually inspect the tire tread for cracks and cuts, and replace with a new tire if severely damaged. For example, if partial expansion appears on the tire, it means the tire is severely damaged.

Remove any embedded stones or other foreign particles form the tread.

↑CAUTION

When the environment temperature is below 14°F (-10°C), it is recommended to place the vehicle indoors if required to store for a long time.

Do not use side stand to park vehicle for long time in winter. Use the middle stand (if equipped) or park stand bracket to park the vehicle, as the tires should not bear the vehicle weight.

Do not allow the tires to sink into snow or ice when parking the vehicle in winter.

When parking vehicle for long time outside in winter, use a ground covering under tires that will insulate and protect them.

Drive Chain Inspection

The drive chain slack and lubrication must be checked daily before riding in accordance with the Periodic Maintenance Chart for safety and preventing excessive wear. If the chain becomes badly worn or maladjusted, it will lead excessive component wear and possible failure.

If the chain is too tight, will accelerate the wear for chain, sprocket, rear sprocket and rear rim. Some parts may crack or break when placed under a load.

If the chain is too loose, The chain may fall off from sprocket or rear sprocket, which may cause locking of rear wheel or engine damage.

The service life of the drive chain largely depends on the maintenance.

Chain dirt inspection

Inspect periodically or inspect the chain for dirt ingress, or after driving in severe conditions.

If the chain is dirty, flush any large dirt particles with a soft jet of water. Clean any residual dirt and residual lubricant with a proper chain cleaner.

Spray the chain with a proper chain lubricant after the chain is dry.

↑WARNING

When spraying chain lubricant, do not splash the lubricant onto other parts. Lubricant on the tires will decrease the tire grip, and lubricant on the brake discs will decrease the brake performance. Clean these components with a proper cleaner if over-spray occurs.

Chain tension inspection

Place the transmission into Neutral gear.

Park with the side stand on level ground.

Push up the middle of the chain until it stops, and measure the distance of chain movement.

If the chain tension is out of specification, adjust it to the standard.

Standard value: 1.18in~1.57in (30 mm ~ 40 mm)

NOTE:

Rotate the rear wheel to different positions and repeat the measurement before adjusting chain slack.

Chain Tension Adjustment

Loosen the rear wheel shaft nut 1.

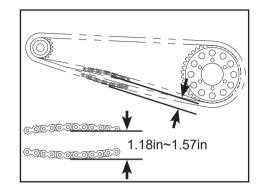
Loosen the left and right locking nuts 3.

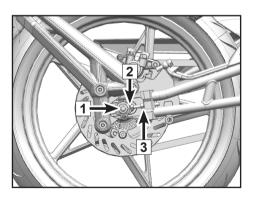
Screw the left and right adjusting bolts 2 evenly to adjust chain tension, ensuring the alignment marks on the left and right chain tensioner 4 are the same with the reference mark position.

Make sure the swing arm end is touching tightly to the adjusting bolt.

Tighten the left and right locking nuts 3.

Tighten the rear wheel shaft nut.





Wear inspection

Place the transmission into Neutral gear.

Park with the side stand on level ground.

Apply chain tensioning or hanging a 22 lb (10 kg) object on the chain.

Measure the length between 20 links for elongation. If the measured length exceeds the standard limit, replace the chain with a new one.

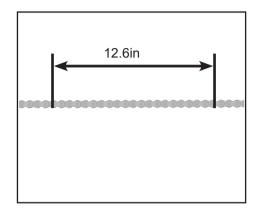
Standard limit: 12.6in (320.7mm)

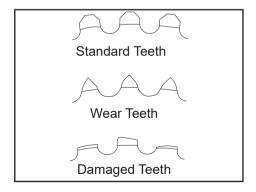
↑ DANGER

For your safety, please use the standard chain. When chain is elongated, never cut the chain and mount back onto the vehicle. Have it replaced by an authorized CFMOTO dealer.

Inspect the rear sprocket and engine sprocket teeth for any kind of wear.

If the engine sprocket or rear sprocket is worn, then replace the both sprockets as a set.





MAINTENANCE Brake System

In order to guarantee excellent performance of your vehicle and personal safety, please repair and maintain the vehicle according to the Periodic Maintenance Chart. Make sure all the parts of the brake system are in good state. If any damage occurs to the brake system, have your vehicle inspected by authorized dealer.

Front Brake Lever Inspection

Park with the side stand on level ground.

Grip lightly the front brake lever and inspect its free travel.

Free travel: 0.12in~0.23in (3mm~6mm)

Inspect the front brake lever for any cracks or abnormal noise.

Replace with new parts if problems are discovered.

Rear Brake Pedal Inspection

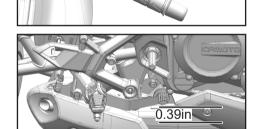
Park with the side stand on level ground.

Lightly apply the rear brake pedal and inspect its free travel.

Free travel: 0.39in (10mm)

Inspect the rear brake pedal for any cracks or abnormal noise.

Replace with new parts if problems are discovered.



0.12in~0.23in

∴WARNING

If the brakes feel soft when applying the brake lever or brake pedal, there may be air in a brake fluid hose or lack of fluid. If the vehicle has this dangerous condition, do not drive the vehicle. Have the brake system checked immediately by an authorized CFMOTO dealer.

Brake Fluid Level Inspection

Park the vehicle with side stand.

Inspect the front and rear brake reservoir fluid levels.

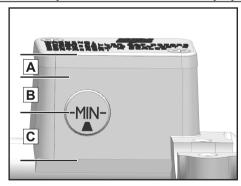
If the brake fluid level is located at area 'B': The fluid is in proper level.

If the brake fluid level is located at area 'A': Drain out the redundant fluid until it arrives at area 'B'.

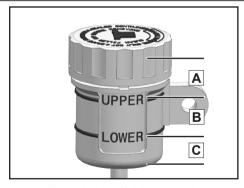
If the brake fluid level is located at area 'C' or cannot see the level: Refill with same brake fluid until the level arrives at area 'B.'

∴WARNING

If brake fluid level drops to area C frequently, the brake system is leaking, not sealed, or is damaged. Have the brake system checked immediately by an authorized CFMOTO dealer.



Front brake fluid reservoir



Rear brake fluid reservoir

Adding Brake Fluid

↑WARNING

Brake fluid causes skin irritation. Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.

Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.

Keep brake fluid away from skin, eyes or clothing. Wear protective clothing and goggles when required.

Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.

If brake fluid spills onto your clothing, change the clothing.

↑WARNING

Brake fluid used for long time without replacement will reduce braking efficiency. Please change the brake fluid according to the Periodical Maintenance Schedule. Only use the same type DOT4 brake fluid as marked on the fluid reservoir. The mixing of different brake fluid types may cause brake system damage or failure. Please contact your authorized CFMOTO dealer for brake fluid maintenance.

↑NOTE

When the brake fluid level goes down, it causes negative pressure inside the fluid reservoir, which may lead to reservoir gasket sag. Remove the reservoir cap to release the pressure. Adjust the reservoir gasket and then install the gasket and cap.

Front brake fluid reservoir

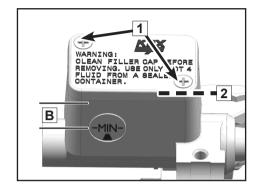
Remove screws 1.

Remove the cover and reservoir gasket 2.

Refill brake fluid to area 'B'.

Reinstall the cover and reservoir gasket.

Install the screws.



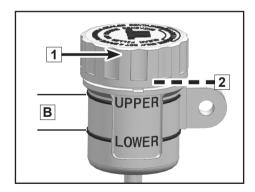
Rear brake fluid reservoir

Remove reservoir cap 1;

Remove reservoir gasket 2;

Refill brake fluid to area B;

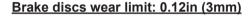
Install press plate and reservoir gasket in place.



Brake Disc Inspection

Inspect brake discs periodically for any damage, out of shape, cracks or wear. Damaged brake discs may cause braking failure. Worn-out brake discs reduce the braking distance. If brake discs are damaged or exceed the wear limit, contact an authorized dealer to replace with new brake discs immediately.

Inspect the thickness in several positions for front and rear brake discs.



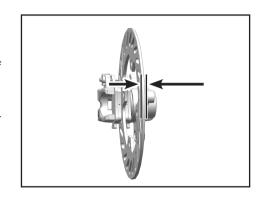
Brake Caliper Inspection

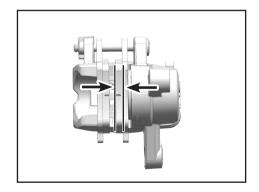
Inspect the brake calipers before riding. Inspect the brake pads for minimum thickness periodically. If the brake pad is too thin, it will cause the steel plate to rub the brake discs, which will severely reduce brake effect and damage the brake system.

Inspect the minimum thickness of brake pads on all brake calipers.

Brake lining plate minimum thickness: ≥0.04in(1mm)

If the brake pad thickness is less than the minimum limit, or the brake pad plate is damaged, please contact an authorized dealer immediately to repair the brake system.





Anti-lock Braking System (ABS)

ABS is a safety system that prevents locking of the wheels when driving straight ahead without the influence of lateral forces.

With assistant of ABS, when fully brake or brake in gritty, ponding, sliding or other low adhesive force road conditions, all could handle with full brake force and will not lock the wheel which could be dangerous.

↑ DANGER

It is not always possible to prevent vehicle rollover in extreme riding situations, e.g. luggage loaded with a high center of gravity, varying road surfaced, steep descents, full braking without clutch lever released. Adapt your riding style to the road conditions and your driving ability.

ABS operates with two independent brake circuits (front and rear brakes). When the brake electronics control unit detects a locking tendency in a wheel, ABS begins regulating the brake pressure. We can feel the regulating process according to the slight pulsing of the hand or foot brake levers.

Turn on the ignition switch, ABS indicator should light up and go out after starting off. If ABS indicator will not go out after starting off, or if it lights up during driving, this indicates that there is a fault in the ABS system. In this case, ABS will not work, the wheels may lock during braking. The brake system still stays functional, only ABS is not available.

Combination Braking System (CBS)

CBS is a system that, can realize brake for both front and rear wheel at the same time according to rear brake lonely. According to the reasonable distribution of front and rear brake force, can enhance the brake deceleration, short the brake distance, give full play of brake effective to the brake system when driving in varied of severe roads and climate changeful areas, eliminate the unstable elements during braking, such as the side sliding, deviation, loss of steering ability, and get a good brake, handling and stability performance.

When rider steps on the brake pedal, the hydraulic force produced by rear brake oil pump will pass directly to the central piston of rear brake caliper, then brake the rear wheel. If the rider keep stepping on the brake pedal, the hydraulic force produced by rear brake oil pump will gradually rise, the delay valve start to work, the hydraulic force will be passed through delay valve to the central piston of front wheel brake caliper, then the front wheel brakes and vehicle will reduce the speed immediately. If the deceleration is not appropriate when use rear brake lonely, then the front brake lever can be used at the same time to enlarge the front wheel brake force and have the motorcycle stop quickly.

<u>∧</u>Warning

CBS can offer a certain of brake force to front wheel only when apply the rear wheel brake, if want to get the best brake effect, it needs to use front brake lever at the same time.

MAINTENANCE Shock Absorber

Shock Absorber Inspection

Holding the handle bar and front brake, compress the front fork for several times to inspect for smooth function. Visually inspect the front shock absorbers for oil leaks, scratches or friction noise.

After riding, check the front shocks for any mud, dirt or debris. Clean these surfaces periodically. Failure to maintain them could lead to oil seal damage and shock oil leak.

Press down on the seat with your weight several times to check if the rear shock absorber works smoothly. Visually inspect the rear shock absorber for an oil leak.

If you have any doubt about the front or rear shock absorber performance, please contact an authorized CFMOTO dealer for immediate inspection.

Shock Absorber Inspection

Holding the handle bar, compress the front fork for several times to inspect if it works smoothly.

Visually inspect front shock absorber for oil leak, scratches or friction noise.

After riding, check the front shock absorber if any mud on it, clean it or could lead to oil seal damage and absorber oil leak.

Press the seat several times to check if the rear shock absorber works smoothly;

Visually inspect the rear shock absorber for oil leak;

If you have any doubt about the rear shock absorber, please contact the authorised CFMOTO dealer.

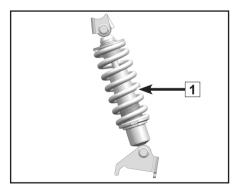
Rear Shock Absorber Adjustment

The rear absorber 1 is already adjusted to be the best state before shipment from the factory, which is appropriate for most of situation.

Please do not adjust the rear absorber spring preload by yourself.

↑ DANGER

This part contains high pressure nitrogen gas. Mis-handling can cause explosion. Please read related statement, do not incinerate, puncture or open it.



MAINTENANCE Electrical System and Light Signal

Battery

The battery in this vehicle is a maintenance-free battery. Therefore, it is unnecessary to inspect the amount of battery electrolyte or add distilled water. To ensure optimum service life of the battery, keep the battery charged properly to ensure the battery has reserve capacity available at the starter motor. When the motorcycle is used frequently, battery is charged by the motorcycle charging system. If the motorcycle is only used occasionally, or used for a short time during each ride, the battery can remain discharged. Batteries can also self-discharge from infrequent use. The rate of discharge varies with battery type and ambient temperature. When environment temperature rises for example, the rate of discharge could increase by a factor of 1 for every 15°C temperature rise.

In cold weather, if battery is not charged properly it can easily cause freeze the electrolyte, which may lead to battery cracking and warp electrode plates out of shape. Proper, full charging of the battery improves freeze-proof capability.

NOTE: Due to motorcycle design and component placement, battery removal and installation should only be performed by CFMOTO technicians in a properly equipped workshop.

Battery Maintenance

Always keep the battery fully charged, or may it damage the battery and result in a shorter life.

If the vehicle is driven infrequently, inspect the battery voltage weekly with a voltmeter. If it drops below 12.8 volts, the battery should be charged with an appropriate charger (check with your dealer). If you will not use the vehicle for longer than 2 weeks, the battery should be tended with an appropriate trickle charger. Do not use an automotive type quick-charger that may overheat the battery and damage it.

Battery Recharger

Contact your dealer for battery charger specifications.

Battery Charging

Remove the battery from the vehicle before charging.

Connect the positive and negative wires from the charger and charge the battery at a rate 1/10th Amp of the battery capacity. For example, the charging rate for a 10Amp-hour battery would be 1.0 ampere.

Ensure that the battery is fully charged before installation.

∴WARNING

Do not install a conventional wet-cell battery in this motorcycle. The electrical system will not work properly and damage will result.

When removing the battery, remove the negative terminal first, then the positive terminal. When installing, the connecting order is opposite of battery removal.

NOTE:

When charging a maintenance-free battery, always follow the instructions shown on the label.

Light

High beam and low beam light is adjustable. Rotate the light adjusting knob 1 to adjust light.

∴CAUTION

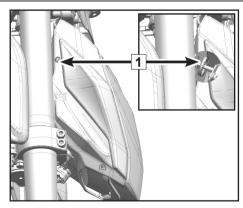
Adjustment of high / low beams should be accordance with local regulations. The light ray standard is based on that front and rear wheels touch down the ground and driver sits on the vehicle.

All the lights are LED structure, which cannot be repaired if damaged or failed. Have your dealer replace the entire assembly if an LED is damaged or has failed.

ACAUTION

Do not leave the power turned on for a long time if engine will not be started. Headlight constantly on will use battery capacity and cause the engine to fail to start.



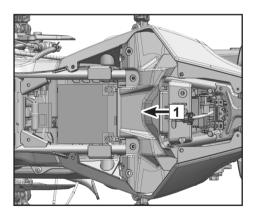


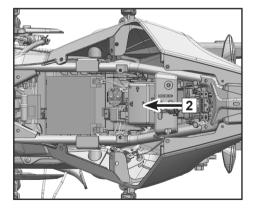
Fuse

The fuse box 2 is under the plastic protector 1, it's visible after removing the seat and plastic protector. If fuse is blown, inspect the electrical system for damage and replace with the same new fuse.

↑WARNING

Do not use any substitute for the standard fuse. Replace a blown fuse with a new one of the same ampere. Ampere value is shown on fuse.





MAINTENANCE Catalytic Converter

This motorcycle is equipped with a catalytic converter in the exhaust system. Platinum and rhodium contained inside the converter reacts with the engine exhaust of carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons to convert them into carbon dioxide and water, resulting in cleaner exhaust gases discharged into the atmosphere.

For proper operation of the catalytic converter, the following cautions must be followed:

Only use unleaded gasoline. Never use leaded gasoline. Leaded gasoline significantly reduces the service life of the catalytic converter.

Do not coast the vehicle with the engine and transmission engaged, and the ignition switch and/or engine stop switch off. Do not attempt to start the engine many times when the battery is discharged. Under these conditions, unburned air/fuel mixture can flow into exhaust system, accelerating the reaction with the converter which leads the converter to become overheated and damaged when the engine is hot, or reduce converter performance when the engine is cold.

ACAUTION

Only use unleaded gasoline. Even only a little lead can damage the precious metals inside the catalytic converter, causing catalytic converter failure. Do not add anti-rust oil or engine oil into the muffler, which may result in catalytic converter failure.

MAINTENANCE Fuel Evaporation System

This vehicle is equipped with an EVAP System. Fuel vapors from the fuel tank are drawn into a carbon tank through an absorption tube. The fuel vapors are absorbed by canister that contains active carbon when the engine is stopped. When the engine is running, fuel vapors absorbed in the carbon canister flow into the air intake and burn as a normal part of combustion, avoiding environmental pollution instead of being released into the air directly. Meanwhile, air pressure inside the fuel tank is balanced by the EVAP system. If inner pressure of fuel tank is lower than outside, it is available to replenish air pressure through the air tube of the carbon canister and absorption tube. The EVAP tube system should always remain clear without blocking or squeezing, otherwise the fuel pump could be damaged, and the fuel tank can also become deformed or broken.

Please contact CFMOTO dealer if a fuel evaporation system component has failed. Do not modify the fuel evaporation system, or the system will not meet requirements for environmental regulations. Tube connections should be well connected after any repair without air leakage, blocking, squeezing, being broken or damaged etc.

CLEANING & STORAGE Motorcycle cleaning and storage

General Precautions

Keeping your motorcycle clean and in best performance will extend the vehicle service life. Covering your motorcycle with a high quality, breathable motorcycle cover will help to protect the vehicle during storage.

- Always clean the motorcycle after the engine and exhaust system have cooled.
- Avoid applying harsh detergents to seals, brake pads, and tires.
- · Wash the vehicle by hand. Do not use high-pressure spray.
- Avoid all harsh chemicals, solvents, detergents, and household cleaning products like ammonium hydroxide.
- Gasoline, brake fluid, and coolant will damage painted plastic surfaces. Wash them off immediately if splashed on any painted plastics.
- Avoid metal brushes, steel wool, and all other abrasive pads or brushes to clean the vehicle.
- Use caution when washing the windshield, headlight cover, and other plastic parts as they can be easily scratched.
- Avoid high water pressure, as it may penetrate seals and electrical components, resulting in vehicle damage.
- Avoid spraying water into areas such as air intakes, fuel system, electrical components, muffler outlets and fuel tank lock.

Washing Vehicle

- · Rinse with cold water to remove any loose dirt.
- Mix a mild detergent specific for motorcycles or automobiles with water in bucket. Use a soft cloth
 or sponge to wash your motorcycle. If necessary, use a mild degreaser to remove any oil or grease
 build-up. Start at the top of the motorcycle and wash bottom parts last.
- After washing, rinse your motorcycle with clean water to remove any residue (residue from the detergent can damage the components of your motorcycle).
- Dry off your motorcycle with a soft cloth to avoid scratches.
- Start the engine and allow it idle for several minutes. The heat from the engine will help dry off the
 vehicle in moist areas.
- Carefully ride the motorcycle at a low speed and apply the brake several times. This will help to dry the brakes and restores their normal operating performance.
- Lubricate the drive chain to prevent rusting.

NOTE:

When riding in areas where the roads are salted or near the ocean, clean the motorcycle after your ride with cold water immediately. Do not use warm water to wash your vehicle as it accelerates the chemical reaction of the salt. After drying the vehicle, applying an anti-corrosion spray to all metal or chrome surfaces will help prevent corrosion. In the case of riding during a rainy day or just washing the motorcycle, condensation may form on the inside of the headlight lens. If this happens, start the engine and turn on the headlight to remove the moisture.

Protect the Surface

After washing your motorcycle, coat the painted surfaces, both metal and plastic, with a commercially available motorcycle/automobile wax. Wax should be applied every three months or as conditions require. Always use non-abrasive products and apply them according to the instructions.

Windshield and Other Plastic

After washing, use a soft cloth to gently dry off plastic parts. When the vehicle is dry, treat the windshield, headlight lens, and other unpainted plastic parts with an approved plastic cleaner or polish.

ACAUTION

Plastic parts may deteriorate and break if they come in contact with chemical substances or household cleaning products such as gasoline, brake fluid, window cleaners, thread fastener glue, or other harsh chemicals. If a plastic part comes in contact with any harsh chemical substance, wash it off with water, and then inspect for damage. Avoid using abrasive pads or brushes to clean plastic parts, as they will damage the plastic surface.

Chrome and Aluminum

Chromium alloy and uncoated aluminum parts exposed to the air can oxidize, become dull and lackluster. These parts should be cleaned with a detergent and polished with a spray polish. Painted and unpainted aluminum wheels should be cleaned with special detergent.

Leather, Vinyl, and Rubber Products

If your motorcycle has leather accessories, use a special leather cleaner/treatment to clean. Washing leather parts with detergent and water will damage them, shortening their life. Vinyl parts should be

cleaned separately. Tires and other rubber components should be treated with a rubber protective agent to preserve their life.

⚠DANGER

Special care must be taken when treating tires, that rubber protective agent applied will not affect the tire tread function. If not applied correctly, it may decrease the traction between the tire and ground, possibly causing a loss of control.

Preparation for Storage

Clean the entire vehicle thoroughly.

Run the engine for about 5 minutes, stop the engine, then change the engine oil and filter.

↑ DANGER

Motorcycle oil is a toxic substance. Dispose of used oil properly. Keep the used oil out of reach of children. If skin contacts the oil it should be washed off immediately.

Fill with fresh engine oil.

Fill with fuel and appropriate fuel additive.

⚠DANGER

Gasoline is extremely flammable and explosive under certain conditions. Turn the ignition key to ""position when operation the vehicle. Do not smoke. Make sure the area is well ventilated and free of any source of flame or sparks. This includes any appliance with a pilot light. Gasoline is a toxic substance. Dispose of gasoline properly. Keep the used oil out of reach of children. If skin contacts the oil should be treated immediately.

Reduce tire pressure by 20% during storage period.

Raise wheels off the ground using wood boards or other material to keep dampness away from the vehicle.

Spray a corrosion inhibitor on all unpainted metal surfaces to prevent rusting. Avoid spraying on rubber parts or on the brakes.

Lubricate the drive chain and all cables.

Remove the battery. Store it out of the sun and in a cool, dry place. Ensure that the battery is fully charged

according to periodic maintenance chart.

Tie plastic bags over the muffler exhaust pipe to prevent moisture from entering.

Put a cover over the motorcycle to keep dust and dirt from collecting on it.

Preparation After Storage

Remove the plastic bags from the Muffler.

Verify the battery condition. Charge it if necessary, then install the battery in the motorcycle.

Lubricate any pivot points as necessary (handle bar levers, foot pedal, etc).

Check all the points listed in Pre-Ride Inspection section.

Test ride at slow speed to verify the vehicle functions normally.

Transporting Your Vehicle

If your vehicle needs to be transported, it should be carried on a motorcycle trailer, a flatbed truck, or trailer that has a loading ramp or lifting platform, and be secured with motorcycle tie-down straps. Never try to tow your vehicle with a wheel or wheels on the ground.

CLEANING & STORAGE General troubles and causes

Problem	Components	Possible cause	Solution
	IFuel System	No fuel in fuel tank	Refuel
		Pump blockage or damage: poor fuel quality	Clean or replace
	Ignition System	Spark plug failure: excessive carbon deposits, too long	Clean or replace
		time usage	
		Spark plug cap failure: Poor contact or burning	Clean or replace
		Ignition coil failure: poor contact or burning	Clean or replace
		ECU failure: Poor contact or burning	Clean or replace
Engine feile te		Trigger coil failure: poor contact or burning	Clean or replace
Engine fails to		Stator failure: poor contact or burning	Clean or replace
Start		Wiring failure: poor contact	Inspect or adjust
	Cylinder	Starting mechanism failure: worn or damaged	Clean or replace
		Intake and exhaust valves, valve seats faulty: too	Clean or replace
		much fuel colloidal or too long time use	
I		Cylinder, piston, piston ring failure: too much fuel	Clean or replace
		colloidal or wear	
		Intake manifold leakage: too long time use	Clean or replace
		Valve timing faulty	Clean or replace

	Valve and piston	Intake and exhaust valves, piston excessive carbon	Repair or
		deposits: poor fuel quality and poor oil quality	replace
	Clutch	Clutch slips: poor oil, too long time use and overloaded	Adjust or replace
Insufficient	Cylinder and	Cylinder, piston rings wear: poor oil quality and too	Replace oil
power	ring	long time use.	
power.	Brake	Incomplete separation of brake: the brake is too tight	Adjust
	Main chain	The drive chain is too tight: improper adjustment	Adjust
	Engine	Engine overheats: too rich or too lean mixture, poor oil, fuel quality, shelter, etc	Adjust or replace
	Spark plug	Improper spark plug gap, normal specification is 0.8mm -0.9mm	Adjust or replace
Insufficient	Intake pipe	Air leakage of intake pipe: too long time use	Adjust or replace
power	Cylinder head	Air leakage for cylinder head or valves	Adjust or replace
	Electric system	Electrical system failure	Inspect or repair
	Air filter	Clogged air filter	Replace
	Cable	Poor connections	Adjust
	Left and right	Switch poor contact or damage	Adjust or replace
Hoodlights and	switches		
Headlights and tail lights do not	Headlight	Bulb and lamp holder failure or damage	Adjust or replace
work	Regulator	Inspection. Loose connection or burnt	Inspect or
WOIK	1 Legulatol		replace
	Magneto	Inspect the coil: poor connection or burnt	Inspect or
	iviagrieto		replace

	Battery	· ·	Recharge or replace
Horn not work	Left switch	Horn button fault or damage	Adjust or replace
	Cable	Poor connection	Adjust or repair
	Horn	Horn damage	Adjust or replace

The items listed are the common faults of a motorcycle. If your motorcycle has failed (especially the electronic fuel injection system, fuel evaporation system, or alarms system), please contact a CFMOTO authorized dealer to check and repair the vehicle.

∆ Danger

Do not try to fix faults without professional help, otherwise it could cause an accident. You become responsible for accidents related to any repairs or maintenance not performed by a CFMOTO dealer.

Telematics BOX (T-BOX)

CFMOTO vehicles are equipped with an intelligent vehicle terminal T-Box. It build the communication bridge between the owner and vehicle through CFMOTO APP. Please search and download CFMOTO APP.

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ZHEJIANG CFMOTO POWER CO., LTD

ZHEJIANG CFMOTO POWER COLLED

6KMV-380101-B200-12



No.116, Wuzhou Road, Yuhang Economic Development Zone, Hangzhou 311100, Zhejjang Province, China

Tel: 86-571-86258863 E-mail: service@cfmoto.com.cn Fax: +86-571-89265788 http://global.cfmoto.com